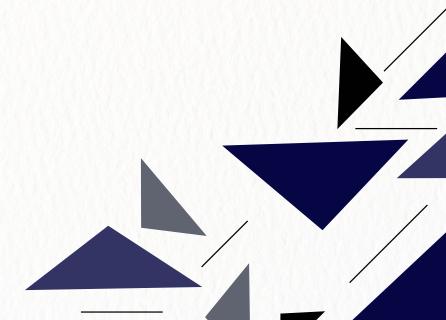


2023

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

BOERNE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Prepared by: BISD Office of Business & Finance



Boerne, Texas

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2023

BOARD OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES

Carlin Friar President
Garrett Wilson Vice-President
Joe Tidwell Secretary
Rich Sena Trustee
Jessica Davila Trustee
Maritza Gonzalez-Cooper Trustee
Kristi Schmidt Trustee

Prepared by the Office of

Business & Finance

Wesley Scott

Chief Financial Officer

Boerne, Texas

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

June 30, 2023

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Boerne ISD Administration Center





November 13, 2023

Carlin Friar, President
Members of the Board of School Trustees
Boerne Independent School District
Boerne, Texas

Dear President Friar and Board Members:

The Texas Education Code requires that all school districts file and publish a complete set of financial statements with the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") within 150 days of the close of each fiscal year. The financial statements must be presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial statements must be audited by a firm of licensed certified public accountants in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Pursuant to these requirements, we hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Boerne Independent School District ("District", "Boerne", or "BISD") for the year ended June 30, 2023.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the financial condition and operations of the District. Accordingly, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to help protect the District's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the presentation of the District's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

Weaver and Tidwell, L.L.P., a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the District's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the basic financial statements of the District was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, emphasizing the administration of federal awards. These reports are presented as part of the ACFR's Federal Awards Section. Findings associated with the Single Audit will be found in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs along with a Corrective Action Plan from District Management.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

PROFILE OF THE DISTRICT

Boerne was established in 1907. The District is located in rapidly growing Kendall County and includes portions of Bexar and Comal counties and the City of Fair Oak Ranch. The District includes 315 square miles of suburban growth and rural Texas hill country.

Boerne enrollment is 10,786 students for 2022-23. Student demographics for 2022-23 are: 33.10% Hispanic, 60.09% White, 1.20% African American, 2.50% Asian/Pacific Islander, 0.25% Native American, and 2.86% of two or more races. Just under 20 percent of students are considered economically disadvantaged.

Residents of the District elect members of the Board of Trustees to three-year terms from each of seven at-large seats. The Trustee seats are up for election on a rotating basis on the second Saturday in May. Vacancies may be filled by appointment until the next election. Trustees annually elect Board officers, including President, Vice President, and Secretary. The Trustees serve the citizens of the District without compensation.

The District provides a full range of educational services for grade levels Pre-K through 12, in addition to educational programs that begin at age 3 for some children and extend through age 22 for others. These programs include regular and enriched academic education, special education for students with disabilities, occupational and vocational education, bilingual instruction for students with limited English proficiency, and specialized instruction for economically disadvantaged students.

Academically talented students may seek challenges in, Honors, Advanced Placement, and dual credit courses in English, Mathematics, Social Studies, and Science and other subjects in grades 6-12. In addition, students may study four different foreign languages (Spanish, German, American Sign Language, and Computer Science). The District provides programs for gifted students in various settings in grades K-12 that focus on developing higher-level and cognitive thinking skills.

A unique program that every 5th grader in BISD can engage in is The Boerne Outdoor Academy (BOA). This program was created by parents, teachers, and outdoor educators to enrich and extend classroom learning. The program features outdoor inquiry, experience-based learning, and interpersonal skills development through group learning, living, and recreation in an idyllic Hill Country camp setting. The Boerne Outdoor Academy exists to nurture our youth's commitment to themselves, their community, and their environment.

Another non-traditional program BISD offers is the *Boerne Academy* which is an alternative high school experience available for students needing a different approach to completing high school. The Boerne Academy not only prepares students to complete high school but also works with students individually to ensure they are ready for their futures after high school with connections to the workforce or post-secondary opportunities.

BISD is also committed to serving our community and has partnered with ESC 20 to offer classes for those needing to learn English (English as a Second Language) or to help earn a GED.

Because the district has emphasized the importance of the Whole Child, Safety and Wellness Advisory Teams have been identified at each campus and the district. Team members represent all facets of a child's education from administration, counseling, health, education, safety, and engagement. Members collaborate to find ways to identify and support specific needs of students. In addition, the district is committed to providing leadership opportunities for students as well. With this in mind, students are invited to participate in various advisory committees to provide their perspectives on various topics. BISD Athletics Department, Fine Arts Department, and Counseling Services Department have joined together to establish the Leadership Council which provides training for students that serve as leaders within their programs and activities.

District Accomplishments

- Boerne students consistently score above the state average on the State's standardized tests in English Language Arts, Mathematics, Science and Social Studies. In the Spring of 2012, the Texas Assessment of Knowledge and Skills was replaced by the State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness (STAAR). In addition, beginning in 2018-2019, schools in Texas were rated under the new A-F accountability system. In 2022, Boerne ISD earned their third consecutive 'A' rating with an overall score of 94. In addition, a total of 21 Distinction Designations in the areas of English Language Arts, Mathematics, Science, Social Studies, Academic Growth, Closing the Gaps, and Post-Secondary Readiness were awarded to multiple campuses.
- Over 800 students received diplomas in 2 commencement ceremonies held during the 2022-2023 school year. A total of 200 students in the Class of 2022 earned college credit for at least 3 hours in ELA or Mathematics or 9 hours in any subject. A total of 312 students scored a 3 or higher on an AP exam earning them college credit. Eighty-six percent (86%) of the class of 2022 graduated with at least one measure to indicate College, Career, and Military Readiness. For the Class of 2022, the most recent data available, the graduation rate was 99.3 percent.
- Boerne ISD was named a 2022 Innovative District (1 of 8 across the nation) from the International Center for Leadership in Education for their systemwide focus on instruction and organization structures to increase student growth. Innovative districts are selected annually based on rigorous criteria, Innovative Districts have evidence of growth year over year; aligned vision and structures; and are intentional about instructional decisions.
- Boerne ISD has won numerous statewide awards, including the 2020 Best Small School District in Texas by the H-E-B Excellence in Education Awards, as well as a 2020 Top Workplace by the San Antonio Express-News, among other honors.
- In addition, The Boerne ISD Board of Trustees was named the 2019 Texas Education Service Center Region 20 School Board of the Year, and Superintendent Dr. Thomas Price received the 2020 Texas Education Service Center Region 20 Superintendent of the Year.
- Boerne ISD schools are consistently rated as some of the best in the state, as eight schools were ranked in the 2022 Top 25 Schools Rankings by Niche, while 10 campuses were ranked in 2023. Fair Oaks Ranch, Herff, and Curington Elementary Schools were named Capturing Kids Hearts National Showcase Schools.

Innovative Initiatives

- Advancement Via Individual Determination (AVID) College Preparatory strategies embedded into Middle School curriculum
- Project Lead the Way (PTLW) curriculum and teacher training for the development of the Engineering Planning & Development CTE pathway and in Elementary Technology Applications classes
- Implementation of Pathways to Technology Early College HS (P-TECH) in Cybersecurity opened in the Fall of 2022.
- Implementation of Pathways to Technology Early College HS (P-TECH) in Health Science to open the fall of 2024

Community Support

- Since 2004, voters have approved almost \$462 million in bonds to build new schools and make improvements to existing schools. In May 2022, Boerne voters approved a \$165 million bond election.
- The Boerne Education Foundation (Foundation) was created in 1997. The mission of the Foundation is to foster community involvement in innovative educational programs by generating and disbursing funds and other resources to provide enrichment for students of the Boerne Independent School District. The Foundation has distributed over \$3 million to Boerne ISD schools.

Financial Stewardship

 The District has one of the lowest interest and sinking (dedicated to bond debt) tax rates among similar fast growth ISDs in Texas. Under House Bill 3, which passed in the 2019 legislative session, the M&O rate for the District has decreased over thirty five cents through the 2023-24 fiscal year.

OUR MISSION AND VISION

The Boerne Independent School District engages, inspires, and enriches our community through innovative learning experiences. Our community will engage students and adults in a challenging educational environment that inspires creativity and enriches lives for today's realities and tomorrow's possibilities.

OUR BELIEFS

- All students have talents and gifts and deserve the highest quality education
- All students should have opportunities to achieve high levels of success
- Children matter to the community and should experience a sense of belonging
- Children grow best with family and community nurturing
- All students must be post-high school ready to enter the workforce and/or higher education
- In educating the whole child by addressing not only academics but social/emotional needs
- Education is a partnership involving students, families, community, and the district
- In fostering an atmosphere of open communication
- In a culture of collaboration and respect of all stakeholders
- In the importance of community partnerships
- Our staff is student-centered and dedicated to excellence
- Continuous development of staff is essential to student success
- In attracting and retaining the highest quality staff

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the District operates.

Introduction

The District is located in the heart of a rapidly growing area in Kendall County just outside of the seventh largest city in America, San Antonio. The District's appeal to families is due to factors such as excellent teachers, strong academics, and outstanding extracurricular programs. The District facilities provide functionality with aesthetically pleasing facades. As a family-friendly District, our emphasis is on children and families. The District also places great emphasis on a high quality work force and an employee-family culture.

Population

There are an estimated 55,353 (as of 2023) people residing in the District and almost 20,000 households. Enrollment in the District has been steadily growing over the past 15 years with a 4-6% increase each year and recent trends show a stable enrollment around 10,910.

Local Economy

The political boundaries of Boerne ISD effectively serve as a bedroom community to the greater San Antonio Metropolitan area. It's proximity to entities such as USAA and Valero, as well as the Texas Hill Country impacts the economy of the District in unique ways. The largest employment sectors are education, health care, and professional services.

Access

The District has an excellent transportation system, with many major roads and highways traversing through it. Interstate Highway 10, which is the major east-west interstate highway in the southern United States, runs north-south through the District. Highway 46 is the major east-west thoroughfare, and Highway 3351 provides access through the eastern portion of the District.

THE REPORTING ENTITY

Boerne Independent School District is an independent reporting entity clearly within the criteria established in Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board codification.

Internal and Budgetary Controls

The development and evaluation of the District's accounting system considers the adequacy of the internal control structure. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets.

The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of controls should not exceed the benefits expected to be derived, and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

We believe that the District's accounting controls provide reasonable assurance that errors or irregularities that could be material to the financial statements are prevented or would be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Budgetary controls are established by regulations of the Texas Education Agency and by District policy for all administrators with line item responsibility. TEA regulations set the level of budgetary control at the major functional expenditure level. Administrators have the responsibility to develop and manage their own program budgets once approved. Revisions within the categories are accepted upon request, but additions in amount or revisions between functions require recommendation of the Superintendent and approval by the Board of Trustees.

General Educational Functions

Principally, local taxes and state entitlements support general educational activities. Direct federal aid is nominal in the General Fund; however, the Special Revenue Fund receives most of its funding from Federal grants, which are distributed through the Texas Education Agency. General educational activities are accounted for in the General and Special Revenue Funds. State and federal grants or entitlements primarily support the Special Revenue Fund. They include support for the economically and academically disadvantaged, federal support for special and vocational education, and a variety of other projects as described in the Combining Statements.

Cash Management

The District's cash position is reviewed regularly and all idle cash is invested in accordance with the District's investment policy. The District's investment officers invest primarily in U.S. Government agency notes, municipal bonds, and local government investment pools. Yields on investments remain favorable compared to the three-month Treasury bill rate.

The District's investment policy is to protect principal and minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. Accordingly, deposits were either insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized. All collateral pledged to the District was held in the District's name by the Federal Reserve in Boston, Massachusetts.

Risk Management

The purpose of Risk Management is to plan for the negative consequences of any decision, process, or action by using whatever means feasible to control the chance of financial loss. Effective risk management is a critical component of any sound organization. Every dollar spent on property damage, on-the-job injuries, liability claims, and insurance premiums is a dollar not spent for school district services.

The objectives of risk management are to:

- 1. ensure that District assets are protected and managed appropriately;
- 2. identify situations that may create liability and financial burden upon the District;
- 3. implement effective procedures to minimize and/or avoid loss exposures;
- 4. act as a resource and service center for all District employees.

The District also maintains a worker's compensation program, property and casualty exposures and coverage, safety training and inspection program.

Worker's Compensation Program

The District provides all employees with worker's compensation coverage for injuries that occur in the course and scope of employment.

Property and Casualty Coverage

Commercial property and casualty policy (P&C) is purchased by the District to provide fire and extended coverage of all District permanent structures and their contents. Other P&C exposures insured are Boiler & Machinery, Underground Storage Tank Liability, Crime Coverage, Errors & Omissions Coverage, and numerous Fidelity Bonds.

Safety Program

The District provides regular training to various campus personnel and employee groups throughout the District. Specific or targeted training is provided on the basis of need and at periodic intervals throughout the year. In addition, the use of inspections has allowed the District to identify unsafe acts or conditions, make necessary changes and prevent loss situations from occurring to others.

Employee Benefits

Boerne makes an array of benefits available through a Section 125 Cafeteria Plan to all regular employees who work 20 hours or more per week. Participation in the Cafeteria Plan allows for certain benefits to be deducted from the employee's pay with tax-deferred money. The District subsidizes premiums for active employees based on the coverage tier selected (i.e., employee only, employee and spouse, employee and children, employee and family). The District does not subsidize retiree benefits.

Health Insurance Program

The District offers its employees a suite of health benefit plans fully insured by TRS-ActiveCare.

Supplemental Employee Benefits

Other benefits offered are voluntary and supplemental in nature. The participant pays the total cost of these insurances. The supplemental benefits include 1) Dental Insurance, 2) Vision Insurance 3) Employee, Spouse and Child Term Life Insurance, 4) Disability/Income Replacement, 5) Pre-Paid Legal, 6) Medical and Dependent Care Spending Accounts, 7) Cancer Insurance, 8) Critical Illness Insurance, and 9) Health Spending Accounts.

Fiscal Strategic Planning

The District continues to be proactive in its strategic fiscal planning by requesting input from community members and staff. The priorities of the Strategic Plan focus on promoting community involvement; educating diverse learners; hiring, developing, and retaining quality staff; and promoting a safe environment for the students and staff.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awards the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to local governments that issue annual financial reports that meet certain requirements. In order to receive a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as well as applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of only one year. We believe our current annual comprehensive financial report meets the Certificate of Achievement program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility.

Senate Bill 218 of the 77th Texas Legislature (2001) authorized the implementation of the Financial Integrity Rating System of Texas, officially known as Schools FIRST. This law requires each school district to prepare and distribute an annual financial management report and provide the public an opportunity to comment on the report at a public meeting. The primary goal of Schools FIRST is to improve the management of a school district's financial resources.

For fourteen years in a row, the District earned a "Superior Achievement" rating from the TEA. This is the highest possible rating under the Schools FIRST accountability system. Beginning in 2014-15, the TEA modified the ratings to a point system with a maximum of 100 points and a "Superior" rating for achieving a

minimum of 90 points. In the latest FIRST report presented to the public in October 2022 for 2020-21, the District earned a "Superior" rating with a score of 94 points.

The timely preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the assistance of the following departments: Administration, Communications, Human Resources, Curriculum, Technology, and Business and Finance. We would like to acknowledge our independent auditors, Weaver and Tidwell, L.L.P., for their role in providing professional guidance and assistance in the preparation of this report.

Finally, without the interest, leadership and support of the Board of Trustees, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Thomas Price, Ed.D.	Wesley Scott
Superintendent of Schools	Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Boerne Independent School District Texas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Boerne Independent School District Name of School District	Kendall Count County	У	<u>130-901</u> CoDist. Number				
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached		·					
district were reviewed and { } approved { } d							
meeting of the Board of School Trustees of suc	h school district	on the <u>13th</u> day of	November , 2023.				
Signature of Board Secretary		Signature of Board P	resident				
If the board of trustees disapproved the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are): (attach list as necessary)							

BOERNE ISD EXECUTIVE LEADERSHIP **Board of Trustees** Communications & Partnerships Superintendent Chief Chief Chief Chief Chief Chief Chief of Safety **Financial** Human Instructional Operations Administrative Technology & Security Officer Officer Officer Officer Resources Officer Officer Administrative **Business Services Human Resources** Teaching & Technology & Operations Safety & Security Services Learning Student Accounts Employee Information Custodial **Programs** Extracurricular Payable Services Alternative Services School Resource Principals Payroll Staffing Education Student • Child Nutrition Officers Student Purchasing Substitutes Content Information Maintenance Safety Committee Support Warehouse Coordinators **Systems** Transportation Special Technology Services Emergency Programs **Programs** Employee **Programs Preparedness Programs** Budget Relations Bond Safety Training **Programs Programs** • Demographics/ Development New Teacher Assessment & Audits & **Programs** Management Advanced Energy Compliance Student Business Mentorina Accountability Transfers Services Talent Academics Information Management Student Acquisition Bilingual Capital Security Relations Replacement **Programs** Network Plan • Career & Integration PFIMS Technology • Digital Learning Software • Early Childhood Integration Instructional Customer Materials Support Technology 17 Maintenance

Boerne, Texas

APPOINTED OFFICIALS AND ADVISORS

June 30, 2023

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Thomas Price, Ed.D. Superintendent

John O'Hare, Ed.D. Chief Administrative Officer

Larissa Flores Chief Instructional Officer

Elaine Howard, Ed.D. Chief Human Resources Officer

Henry Acosta Chief Operations Officer

Mark Stahl Executive Director of Operations

Rick Goodrich Chief of Safety & Security

Sean Babcock Chief Technology Officer

Wesley Scott Chief Financial Officer

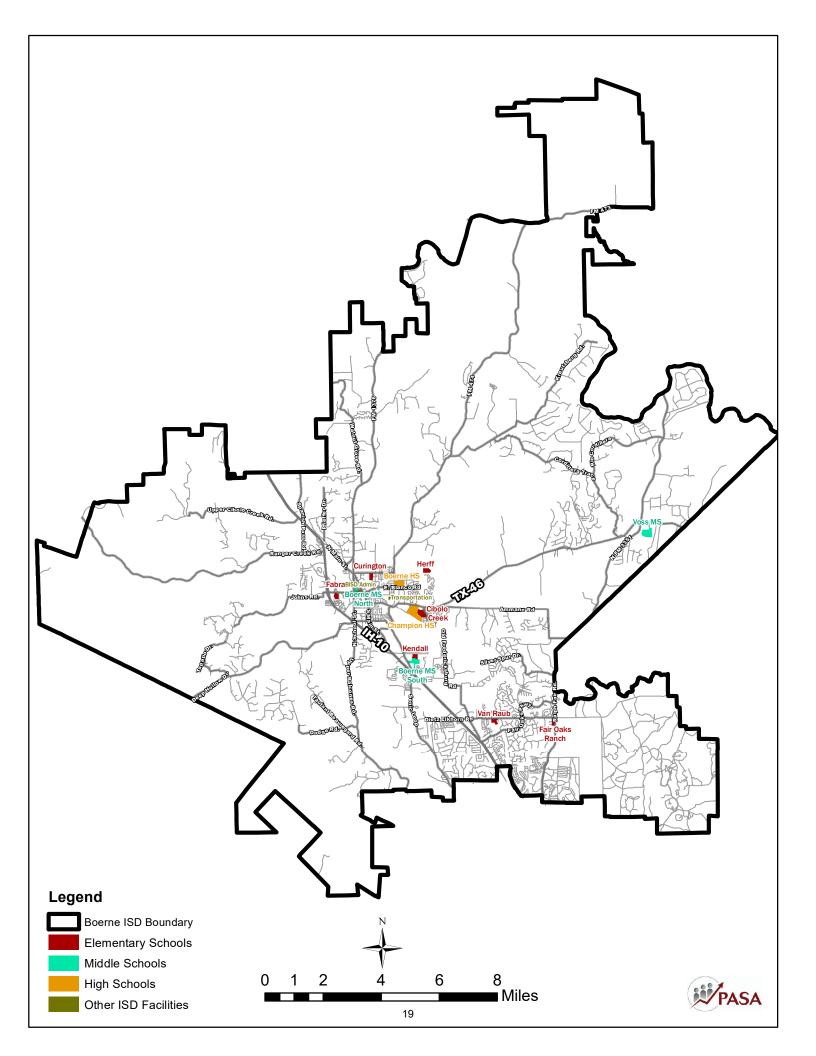
ACCOUNTANTS AND ADVISORS

Weaver and Tidwell, L.L.P. Certified Public Accountants San Antonio, Texas

Walsh, Gallegos, Trevino, Russo & Kyle, Inc. General Counsel San Antonio, Texas

> Hilltop Securities, Inc. Financial Advisors San Antonio, Texas

McCall Parkhurst & Horton, LLP Bond Counsel San Antonio, Texas







Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees of Boerne Independent School District Boerne, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Boerne Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Trustees of Boerne Independent School District

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District 's basic financial statements. The supplementary information – combining statements and schedules, TEA required schedules, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information – combining statements and schedules, TEA required schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information – combining statements and schedules, TEA required schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information Included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)

Management is responsible for the other information included in the ACFR. The other information comprises the Introductory Section and Statistical Section but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 9, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Weaver and Siduell, L.S.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Austin, Texas November 9, 2023



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

This discussion and analysis of the Boerne Independent School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position at June 30, 2023 was \$34,748,547.
- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District's general fund reported a total fund balance of \$28,122,547, of which \$28,085,039 was unassigned.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the District's governmental funds (the general fund plus all federal, state, and local grant funds, the debt service fund, and the capital projects fund) reported combined ending fund balances of \$133,089,497.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The annual report consists of three parts – *Management's Discussion and Analysis* (this section), the *Basic Financial Statements*, and *Required Supplementary Information*. The basic statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- The proprietary fund statements provide information about services provided to parties inside the District. The proprietary funds include the internal service fund (the District's insurance fund).
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the fiduciary resources belong. This fund includes student activity funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The notes to the financial statements are followed by a section entitled *Required Supplementary Information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current period's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is

the difference between the District's assets and liabilities and is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base, staffing patterns, enrollment, and attendance.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, general administration, and plant operation and maintenance are included in *governmental activities*. Locally assessed property taxes, together with State foundation program entitlements, which are based upon student enrollment and attendance, finance most of the governmental activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are simply accounting devices that are used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and other funds are mandated by bond agreements or bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees (the "Board") establishes other funds to control and manage money set aside for particular purposes or to show that the District is properly using certain taxes and grants.
- Other funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a custodial capacity these assets
 do not belong to the District, but the District is responsible to properly account for them.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- *Proprietary funds* These funds include the internal service fund. The District's workers' compensation and unemployment fund activity is reported in the internal service fund and is shown in a separate statement of net position and statement of changes in net position.
- Fiduciary funds The District serves as the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds such as student
 activity funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are
 used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate
 statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide
 financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its governmental
 operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net position was \$34,748,547 at June 30, 2023. *Table 1* focuses on net position while *Table 2* shows the revenues and expenses that changed the net position balance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Revenues for the District not restricted to specific programs increased commensurate with an increase in enrollment and attendance in accordance with State funding provision and hold harmless provisions instituted by the Texas Education Agency for the 2023 fiscal year. Property tax revenues increased due to the increase in assessed value of properties within the District. Deferred outflows of resources increased for the pension plan and for the other postemployment benefits plan (OPEB) due to changes in actuarial assumptions, changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions, and the proportionate share of contributions. Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools increased since the District was required to pay almost \$7.5milion in recapture payments. No recapture payments were owed to the State in fiscal year 2022. *Table 1* indicates the overall condition of the District remained relatively stable. The District's current assets remained relatively stable and capital assets decreased due to the regularly scheduled depreciation. The District's long-term liabilities increased due to the issuance of \$110 million in new bond debt from the \$165 million bond authorization approved by the voters in May 2022.

TABLE 1 Net Position

		Governmental Activities							
		2023		2022					
Assets									
Current and Other Assets	\$	161,228,218	\$	48,620,680					
Capital Assets		355,023,902		343,504,986					
Restricted Assets		-		1,023,752					
Total Assets		516,252,120		393,149,418					
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		22,099,843	14,916,9						
Liabilities									
Current and Other Liabilities		30,217,386		16,551,508					
Long-term Liabilities		446,419,919		352,269,017					
Total Liabilities		476,637,305		368,820,525					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	26,966,111		28,809,602					
Net Position									
Net Investment in Capital Assets		55,471,212		37,579,928					
Restricted		7,359,158		8,042,280					
Unrestricted		(28,081,823)		(35,185,957)					
Total Net Position	\$	34,748,547	\$	10,436,251					

TABLE 2 Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	2023	2022			
Revenues					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 3,543,543	\$ 1,769,004			
Operating Grants and Contributions	21,639,364	25,515,403			
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,325,000	-			
General Revenues					
Property Taxes	121,300,871	103,395,430			
State Aid - formula	7,135,837	6,404,667			
Investment Earnings	3,307,356	142,720			
Other	532,389	495,078			
Total Revenues	161,784,360	137,722,302			
Expenses	cc = 70 04 4	50 500 007			
Instruction	66,578,214	62,682,087			
Instructional Resources & Media Services	1,272,647	1,287,564			
Curriculum & Staff Development	3,397,154	3,058,357			
Instructional Leadership	1,518,607	1,334,183			
School Leadership	6,163,158	5,849,796			
Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	4,839,799	4,324,899			
Health Services	1,218,911	1,162,670			
Student (pupil) Transportation	3,669,719	3,484,979			
Child Nutrition Services Co-Curricular Activities	4,660,723	5,024,345			
General Administration	4,969,478	4,611,532			
Plant Maintenance and Operations	3,978,418	3,974,448			
Security & Monitoring Services	11,438,324 1,680,131	12,080,887 1,130,245			
Data Processing Services	3,805,342	3,336,667			
Community Services	49,737	44,923			
Debt Service	9,929,045	9,002,399			
Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools	7,485,147	3,002,333			
Other Governmental Charges	817,510	851,213			
Total Expenses	137,472,064	123,241,194			
Change in Net Position	24,312,296	14,481,108			
Beginning Net Position, restated	10,436,251	(4,044,857)			
	20,400,231	(1,544,657)			
Ending Net Position	\$ 34,748,547	\$ 10,436,251			

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$133,089,497. This compares to a combined fund balance of \$35,262,305 at June 30, 2022. Fund balance increased primarily as a result of the issuance of bond debt from the 2022 bond authorization approved by voters in May 2022.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with State law, the District prepares an annual budget for the general fund, the food service special revenue fund, and the debt service fund. The District budgets the capital projects fund for each *project*, which normally covers multiple years. Special revenue funds have budgets approved by the funding agency and are amended throughout the year as required.

During the period ended June 30, 2023, the District amended its budget as required by State law and to reflect current levels of revenue and anticipated expenses. There were material changes between the original budget and the final amended budget. The general fund's actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$2,969,923 and the budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures by \$4,548,644.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are generally defined as those items that have useful lives of two years or more and have an initial cost or value (if donated) of an amount determined by the Board. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District used a capitalization threshold of \$5,000, which means that all capital type assets, including library books, with a cost or initial value of less than \$5,000 were not included in the capital assets inventory.

At June 30, 2023, the District had a total of \$355,023,902 invested in capital assets such as land, buildings, and District equipment, net of depreciation.

More detailed information about the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At year end, the District had \$377,925,230 in general obligation bonds and notes outstanding versus \$288,461,463 last year. During the fiscal year, the District had two bond issues totaling \$110 million of the 2022 bond authorization. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND TAX RATES

Total appraised market value of the District for the 2023-2024 (2023 Tax Year) is \$19.5 billion which is a nineteen percent increase from the preceding year. Total taxable property values (including "frozen" values) used for the 2023-2024 budget preparation increased nine percent from the preceding year.

The Board set the tax rate for the 2023-2024 school year at the September 2023 Board meeting. The tax rates were approved with a decrease from prior year. Debt service tax rate is \$0.324, and maintenance and operation rate is \$0.6692 for a total tax rate of \$0.9932 per \$100 valuation.

The original 2023-2024 general operating fund budget was \$109.8 million, an increase of 10.3 percent from the 2022-2023 adopted budget and 4.3 percent increase from the 2022-2023 final amended budget. A 3.44% pay increase was approved for all positions for the 2023-2024 fiscal year. New positions were budgeted to accommodate growth and programs. In September 2023 the Board of Trustees approved a budgetary amendment to accommodate the passage of property tax legislation passed in the summer of 2023. The effect of the amendment was to reduce revenues and expenditures due to tax rate compression and the resulting exclusion from recapture status. After the amendment the budget of \$101.9M is a 3.2 percent reduction from the final amended 2022-2023 budget.

The District's 2023-2024 estimated average membership is projected at 11,263 with estimated average daily attendance at 10,504. Attendance has been estimated at 93.75 percent.

Enrollment of 10,915 through September of 2023 is slightly lower than budgeted expectations. Accordingly,

revenue and expenditure considerations are being closely monitored by Administration to ensure budgetary limitations are appropriate.

The District remains aware of its dependence on local taxation to support all phases of its operations and is committed to providing the best possible education to every student, using the resources made available to it by State law and local taxpayer support.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's commitment to accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Boerne Independent School District's business office at 235 Johns Road, Boerne, Texas 78006 or by calling (830) 357-2000.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Control		Governmental
Codes		Activities
	ASSETS	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 153,074,47
1120	Investments	2,005,13
1220	Property Taxes Receivable (Delinquent)	3,665,03
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(900,45
1240	Due from Other Governments	2,909,95
1290	Other Receivables	150,74
1300	Inventories	53,20
1490	Other Current Assets	270,12
	Capital Assets	
1510	Land	26,762,56
1520	Buildings, net	295,812,13
1530	Furniture & Equipment, net	7,449,23
1540	Vehicles, net	5,159,50
1580	Construction in Progress	12,155,89
1590	Infrastructure, net	7,684,57
1000	Total Assets	516,252,12
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1701	Deferred Charge for Refunding	219,96
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	12,514,04
1706	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	9,365,83
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	22,099,84
	LIABILITIES	
2110	Accounts Payable	6,327,53
2140	Accrued Interest	4,315,21
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings Payable	1,41
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	9,914,68
2180 2300	Due to Other Governments Unearned Revenue	9,400,16 258,37
	Noncurrent Liabilities	,
2501	Due within one year	8,709,85
2502	Due in more than one year	392,921,18
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	27,585,02
2545	Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	16,145,49
2590	Other Long term liabilities - due or payable after one year	1,058,35
2000	Total Liabilities	476,637,30
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	2,298,53
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	24,667,58
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	26,966,11
	NET POSITION	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	55,471,21
3820	Restricted for Federal and State Programs	872,74
3850	Restricted for Debt Service	4,860,78
3890	Other Restrictions on Net Position	1,625,63
	Unrestricted	(28,081,82
3900	Offiestricted	(28,081,82

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense)/

BOERNE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

										F	evenue and Changes in
						Prog	ram Revenues			ı	Net Position
			1 3		3 4 5		4 5		5		6
Data						(Operating		Capital		
Control					Charges	(Grants and	C	Grants and	G	overnmental
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses		for Services	Co	ontributions	Co	ontributions		Activities
	Governmental Activities:										
0011	Instruction	\$	66,578,214	\$	199,098	\$	13,165,988	\$	4,325,000	\$	(48,888,128)
0012	Instructional Resources & Media Services		1,272,647		30,472		183,794		-		(1,058,381)
0013	Curriculum & Staff Development		3,397,154		8,795		412,694		-		(2,975,665)
0021	Instructional Leadership		1,518,607		-		118,312		-		(1,400,295)
0023	School Leadership		6,163,158		51,170		718,912		-		(5,393,076)
0031	Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services		4,839,799		124,013		902,753		-		(3,813,033)
0033	Health Services		1,218,911		451		301,414		-		(917,046)
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		3,669,719		303		363,001		-		(3,306,415)
0035	Child Nutrition Services		4,660,723		2,221,581		2,197,634		-		(241,508)
0036	Co-curricular/Extracurricular Activities		4,969,478		656,227		850,628		-		(3,462,623)
0041	General Administration		3,978,418		6,667		1,083,835		-		(2,887,916)
0051	Plant Maintenance & Operations		11,438,324		233,931		623,826		-		(10,580,567)
0052	Security & Monitoring Services		1,680,131		10,835		60,257		-		(1,609,039)
0053	Data Processing Services		3,805,342		-		117,547		-		(3,687,795)
0061	Community Services		49,737		-		7,533		-		(42,204)
0072	Debt Service - Interest		9,154,730		-		531,236		-		(8,623,494)
0073	Debt Service - Fiscal Charges		774,315		-		-		-		(774,315)
0091	Contracted Instruc Services Between Schools		7,485,147		-		-		-		(7,485,147)
0099	Other Governmental Charges		817,510		-		-				(817,510)
TP	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	137,472,064	\$	3,543,543	\$	21,639,364	\$	4,325,000		(107,964,157)
	Gene	eral Re	venues:								
	Taxe	s:									
MT		Prop	erty Taxes, Lev	ied f	or General Purp	oses					88,025,288
DT		Prop	erty Taxes, Lev	ied f	or Debt Service						33,275,583
SF	State	e aid - ເ	unrestricted for	mula	a grants						7,135,837
MI	Misc	ellane	ous local & inte	rmed	diate						532,389
IE	Inve	stment	earnings								3,307,356
TR	Tota	l gener	al revenues								132,276,453
CN	Char	iges in	Net Position								24,312,296
NB	Net	Positio	n beginning								10,436,251
NE	Net	Positio	n ending							\$	34,748,547

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data								1	Non-Major		Total
Control		General		[Debt Service	Capital Projects		Governmental		Governmental	
Codes	_	Fund			Fund		Fund	Funds			Funds
	ASSETS										
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	42,618,575	\$	9,749,326	\$	97,309,148	\$	3,319,563	\$	152,996,612
1120	Investments		2,005,133		-		-		-		2,005,133
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		2,717,052		947,981		-		-		3,665,033
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)		(701,250)		(199,204)		-		-		(900,454)
1240	Due from Other Governments		1,766,990		39,449		-		1,103,517		2,909,956
1260	Due from Other Funds		628,526		-		-		34,880		663,406
1290	Other Receivables		133,639		-		7,731		9,373		150,743
1300	Inventories, at cost		37,508		-		-		15,693		53,201
1490	Other Current Assets		227,001						43,127	_	270,128
1000	Total Assets	\$	49,433,174	\$	10,537,552	\$	97,316,879	\$	4,526,153	\$	161,813,758
	LIABILITIES										
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	1,410,287	\$	-	\$	4,717,299	\$	283,975	\$	6,411,561
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings Payable		1,416		-		-		-		1,416
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		9,062,903		-		-		851,783		9,914,686
2170	Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		663,406		663,406
2180	Due to Other Governments		9,292,532		107,632		-		-		9,400,164
2300	Unearned Revenue	_	29,760						228,615		258,375
2000	Total Liabilities		19,796,898		107,632		4,717,299		2,027,779		26,649,608
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	_	1,513,729	_	560,924	_				_	2,074,653
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,513,729	_	560,924		-		<u>-</u>	_	2,074,653
	FUND BALANCES										
3410	Nonspendable		37,508		-		-		15,693		53,201
3450	Restricted - Grant Funds		-		-		-		857,050		857,050
3470	Restricted - Capital Acquisitions and Contractual Obligations		-		-		92,599,580		-		92,599,580
3480	Restricted - Debt Service		-		9,868,996		-		_		9,868,996
3490	Restricted - Other		-		-		-		1,625,631		1,625,631
3600	Unassigned	_	28,085,039	_	-	_	-		-		28,085,039
3000	Total Fund Balance		28,122,547		9,868,996		92,599,580		2,498,374	_	133,089,497
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	49,433,174	\$	10,537,552	\$	97,316,879	\$	4,526,153	\$	161,813,758

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for government activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds			\$ 133,089,497
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of worker's compensation, equipment and unemployment) to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position, including furniture and equipment and accumulated depreciation in the following amounts:			19,411
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.			
Land	\$	26,762,567	
Buildings	•	373,885,973	
Furniture and Equipment		15,943,348	
Vehicles		10,535,822	
Construction in Progress		12,155,890	
Infrastructure		29,629,901	468,913,501
Accumulated Depreciation - Buildings		(78,073,839)	
Accumulated Depreciation - Furniture and Equipment		(8,494,116)	
Accumulated Depreciation - Vehicles		(5,376,322)	
Accumulated Depreciation - Infrastructure		(21,945,322)	(113,889,599)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Unearned revenue is not reported as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, because the revenue is considered earned.			
Accrued Interest - Bonds	\$	(4,315,215)	
Leases Payable		(212,028)	
Bonds Payable - Long-term		(377,925,230)	
Unamortized Bond Premiums		(14,659,032)	
Arbitrage Rebate Payable		(915,873)	
Accretion of Interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds		(8,834,745)	(406,862,123)
Unavailable revenue from property taxes and other items is not reported as a deferred inflow in the government-wide financial statements, because the revenue is considered earned.			
Property Taxes			2,074,653
Deferred Charge on Refunding Bonds is a deferred outflow and is not reported in the fund financial statements.			219,964
Included in the items related to long term debt, as required by GASB 68 and 75, are the following:			
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	(27,585,027)	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	•	(16,145,498)	
Deferred resource inflow related to TRS pension		(2,298,531)	
Deferred resource inflow related to TRS OPEB		(24,667,580)	
Deferred resource outflow related to TRS pension		12,514,042	
Deferred resource outflow related to TRS OPEB		9,365,837	(48,816,757)
Net Position - Governmental Activities			\$ 34,748,547

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control			General		Debt Service	Capital Projects	(Non-Major Governmental	G	Total overnmental
Codes			Fund		Fund	Fund		Funds		Funds
	REVENUES:									
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	90,575,193	\$	33,484,191	\$ 1,748,201	\$	4,940,318	\$	130,747,903
5800	State Sources		12,466,612		531,236	-		803,789		13,801,637
5900	Federal Sources		1,998,210	_			_	6,571,553	-	8,569,763
5020	Total Revenues	_	105,040,015	_	34,015,427	1,748,201	_	12,315,660	_	153,119,303
	EXPENDITURES									
	Current:									
0011	Instruction		52,803,048		-	-		5,629,223		58,432,271
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		980,141		-	-		88,825		1,068,966
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		3,105,958		-	-		389,571		3,495,529
0021	Instructional Leadership		1,469,840		-	-		-		1,469,840
0023	School Leadership		5,323,460		-	-		151,358		5,474,818
0031	Guidance and Counseling Services		3,940,846		-	-		446,941		4,387,787
0033	Health Services		992,041		-	-		68,823		1,060,864
0034	Pupil Transportation		3,000,196		-	2,220,265		10,565		5,231,026
0035	Child Nutrition Services		78,994		-	154,731		4,022,045		4,255,770
0036	Co-Curricular Activities		2,906,087		-	-		1,068,499		3,974,586
0041	General Administration		3,695,027		-	7,410		36,472		3,738,909
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		10,049,033		-	136,000		261,657		10,446,690
0052	Security & Monitoring Services		1,415,747		-	38,187		40,540		1,494,474
0053	Data Processing Services		2,343,241		-	4,472,128		-		6,815,369
0061	Community Services		43,031		-	-		5,755		48,786
0071	Debt Service - Principal on Long-Term Debt		266,050		20,371,233	-		-		20,637,283
0072	Debt Service - Interest		16,942		14,192,045	-		-		14,208,987
0073	Debt Service - Cost of Issuance and Fiscal Charges		175		7,000	767,140		-		774,315
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction				-	11,045,769		12,515		11,058,284
0091	Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools		7,485,147		-	-		-		7,485,147
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		817,510	_	-	-	_	-	_	817,510
6030	Total Expenditures	_	100,732,514	_	34,570,278	18,841,630	_	12,232,789	_	166,377,211
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	4,307,501	_	(554,851)	(17,093,429)	_	82,871	_	(13,257,908)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
7911	Issuance of Debt - General Obligations Bonds		-		-	110,000,000		-		110,000,000
7913	Proceeds from Right to Use Leased Assets		313,078		-	-		-		313,078
7915	Transfers in		450,000		-	-		140,446		590,446
7916	Premium on Issuance of Bonds		-		-	318,798		-		318,798
8911	Transfers out		(140,446)	_						(140,446)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	622,632	_		110,318,798	_	140,446	_	111,081,876
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		4,930,133		(554,851)	93,225,369		223,317		97,823,968
0100	FUND BALANCES, July 1, 2022		23,192,414		10,423,847	(625,789)		2,275,057		35,265,529
3000	FUND BALANCES, June 30, 2023	\$	28,122,547	\$		\$ 92,599,580	\$	2,498,374	\$	133,089,497
		_		=			_		_	

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for government activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds
--

The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of worker's compensation to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of the internal service fund is reported with the governmental activities.

(309,280)

97,823,968

Current year capital expenditures in the fund financial statements are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements.

22,189,704

Long-term issuances of debt are reported as resources in the fund financial statements and are shown as increases in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Payments of principal on long-term debt are expenditures in the fund financial statements and are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term debt activity was:

 Accrued Interest - Bonds
 (282,874)

 Leases Payable
 (212,028)

 Bonds Payable - Long-term
 (89,463,767)

 Unamortized Bond Premiums
 1,791,628

 Accreted Interest on Capital Appreciation Bonds
 3,196,167

 Deferred Charge for Refunding Bonds
 30,538
 (84,940,336)

Depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.

(10,670,788)

Adjustments related to the net pension liability, net OPEB liability, and related deferred inflows and deferred outflows, which impact ending net position.

315,776

Reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue as revenue, recognizing other long-term liabilities, and consolidating interfund transactions.

(96,748)

Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities

24,312,296

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Governmental Activities	
			ernal
	ACCETC	Servic	e Funds
	ASSETS		
	Current Assets:		
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	77,866
	Total Current Assets		77,866
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	77,866
		<u>+</u>	71,000
	LIABILITIES		
	Current Liabilities		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	17,201
2123	Other Liabilities		41,254
	Total Current Liabilities		58,455
2000	TOTAL HABILITIES		EO 4EE
2000	TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	58,455
	NET POSITION		
	NET FOSITION		
3900	Unrestricted		19,411
			<u> </u>
3000	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	19,411

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Ac	ernmental etivities eternal ice Funds
	OPERATING REVENUES		
5754	Charges for Services	\$	198,631
5020	Total Operating Revenues		198,631
	OPERATING EXPENSES		
6100	Payroll Costs		35,900
6400	Other Operating Expenses		39,634
6030	Total Operating Expenses		75,534
	Operating Income (Loss)		123,097
	NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
7955	Investment Income		17,623
	Income (Loss) Before Non-operating Transfers		140,720
	NON-OPERATING TRANSFERS		
8989	Non-operating Transfer Out	_	(450,000)
1300	Changes in Net Position		(309,280)
0100	TOTAL NET POSITION, July 1, 2022		328,691
3300	TOTAL NET POSITION, June 30, 2023	\$	19,411

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	A	ernmental ctivities nternal vice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided	\$	198,631
Cash Payments for Insurance Claims		(252,962)
Cash Payments for Premiums		(39,634)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(93,965)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Nonoperating Transfers In (Out)		(450,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investment Earnings		17,623
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		17,623
Net Increase In Cash & Cash Equivalents		(526,342)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, July 1, 2022		604,208
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, June 30, 2023	\$	77,866
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	123,097
Effect of Changes in Current Assets and Liabilities:		
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		17,201
Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities		(234,263)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	<u>\$</u>	(93,965)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash Accounts Receivable	\$	315,263 23,409
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	338,672
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	8,148
Due to Other Governments	\$	1,497
TOTAL LIABILITIES		9,645
NET POSITION		
Restricted for Individuals and Organizations	\$	329,027

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY FUND NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Received from Student Groups	\$ 127,476
Enterprising Services Revenue	110,641
Earnings from Temporary Deposits	2,798
Contributions, Gifts, and Donations	72,106
Total Additions	313,021
DEDUCTIONS:	
Payroll Costs	2,583
Professional and Contracted Services	81,913
Supplies and Materials	70,006
Other Deductions	150,788
Total Deductions	305,290
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	7,731
TOTAL NET POSITION, July 1 (Beginning)	321,296
TOTAL NET POSITION, June 30 (Ending)	\$ 329,027

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Boerne Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas (the "State"). It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's (TEA) *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

The District is an independent political subdivision of the State governed by a board elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations, and is considered a primary government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these basic financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions as part of the District's financial reporting entity. No other entities have been included in the District's reporting entity. Additionally, as the District is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is always considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest on all long-term debt of the District. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The debt service fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The capital projects fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

Special Revenue Funds

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The restricted proceeds of specific revenue sources comprise a substantial portion of the inflows of these special revenue funds. Most federal and some state financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund.

Permanent Funds

The permanent funds are governmental funds that are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs. The District uses these funds for scholarships.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is on determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues include charges for services. Operating expenses includes costs of material, contracts, personnel, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The proprietary fund type used by the District includes the following:

Internal Service Funds

These funds are used to account for, and report revenue and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal service fund are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the governmental-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Fiduciary Funds

The fiduciary funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

The District has the following type of fiduciary funds:

Custodial Funds

These funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Custodial funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are primarily used to account for the District's student activity funds.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for the revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

Investments, except for certain investment pools, commercial paper, money market funds, and investment contracts, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost. Money market funds, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and commercial paper that have a remaining maturity of one year or less upon acquisition, are reported at amortized cost. Investments in nonparticipating interest earning contracts, such as certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The District has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Governmental Code. In summary, the District is authorized to invest in the following:

Direct obligations of the U.S. Government Fully collateralized certificates of deposit and money market accounts Government investment pools and commercial paper

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded at cost as expenditures when the related liability is incurred (i.e., the purchase method). Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to the future accounting period (prepaid expenditures) are recognized as expenditures when utilized.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of bonds, as well as other resources set aside for specific purposes, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or contractual agreements.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Description	<u>Useful Life</u>
Infrastructure	30 years
Buildings	20 to 50 years
Vehicle	2 to 15 years
Furniture and equipment	3 to 15 years

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension/other postemployment benefits (OPEB) activities are amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension/OPEB plan members, except for the net differences between the projected and actual investment earnings on the pension/OPEB plan assets, which are amortized over a period of five years.
- For employer pension/OPEB plan contributions that were made subsequent to the measurement date through the end of the District's fiscal year, the amount is deferred and recognized as a reduction to the net pension/OPEB liability during the measurement period in which the contributions were made.
- A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

At the fund level, the District has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

7. Receivable and Payables Balances

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". All residual balances between governmental activities are eliminated in the government-wide statements. All property taxes receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible taxes.

8. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidations. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide Statement of Activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements until due. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, net of the applicable premium or discount and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. In the governmental fund types, issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. However, claims and judgments paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable, available financial resources.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general and debt service funds. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by the tax along with the interest earned in the debt service fund.

10. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions are classified as restricted fund balance.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The District's

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The District's Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise acommitment.

11. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

12. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

13. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

14. Data Control Codes

The data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the Resource Guide. The TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the TEA in order to insure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

15. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

16. Other Postemployment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the TRS Texas Public School Retired Employees Insurance Group Program ("TRS- Care") has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

All taxes due to the District on real or personal property are payable at the Office of the Tax Assessor-Collector and may be paid at any time after the tax rolls for the year have been completed and approved, which is no later than October 1. Taxes are due by January 31, and all taxes not paid prior to this date are deemed delinquent and are subject to such penalty and interest.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 each year. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are payable prior to the next February 1.

I. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. The original budget is adopted by the District prior to the beginning of the year. The legal level of control is the function code stated in the approved budget. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year, excluding capital project budgets.

In accordance with State law and generally accepted accounting standards, the District prepares an annual budget for the general fund, the national school lunch and breakfast program special revenue fund, and the debt service fund. The District budgets the capital projects fund for each *project*, which normally covers multiple years. Special revenue funds have budgets approved by the funding agency and are amended throughout the year as required. During the year, the District amended its budget as required by State law and to reflect current levels of revenue and anticipated expenditures.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

1. Cash Deposits

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$1,255,104 and the bank balance was \$1,601,462. The District's cash deposits at June 30, 2023, and during the year ended June 30, 2023, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

2. Investments

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Act requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions: 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; 2) certificates of deposit; 3) certain municipal securities; 4) securities lending program; 5) repurchase agreements; 6) bankers' acceptances; 7) mutual funds; 8) investment pools; 9) guaranteed investment contracts; and 10) commercial paper.

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value/ Amortized Cost		Ratings	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)	
External investment pools:					
Lone Star	\$	38,308,242	AAAm	26	
TexPool		68,689,366	AAAm	34	
Texas CLASS		44,857,689	AAAm	45	
Texas Range		167,182	AAAmmf	31	
U.S. Treasury Note		2,005,133	AAA	238	
Total Value	\$	154,027,612			
Portfolio weighted average maturity				35	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and invest operating funds primarily in short-term securities.

Credit risk. – is the risk that a security issuer may default on an interest or principal payment. The District controls and monitors this risk by purchasing quality rated instruments that have been evaluated by recognized rating agencies. The District's policy manages credit risk by authorizing only the safest types of investments backed by the federal or state government or their obligations and/or with ratings from nationally recognized rating firms of a least A or its equivalent.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that the District's deposits may not be returned in the event of a bank failure. The District's investment policy requires funds on deposit at the depository bank to be collateralized by securities. As of June 30, 2022, fair market values of pledged securities and FDIC coverage exceeded bank balances.

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party in the event of the failure of the counterparty. The District's investment policy requires that it will seek to safekeep securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, shall be conducted on a delivery versus payment basis or commercial book entry system as utilized by the Federal Reserve and shall be protected through the use of a third-party custody/safekeeping agent.

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair values measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, provides a framework for measuring fair value which establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that describes the inputs that are used to measure assets and liabilities. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure the fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are as follows:

	Balance on			
Investments by Fair Value Level:	June 30, 2023	Level 1	<u>Level 2</u>	Level 3
U.S. Treasury Note	\$ 2,005,133		\$ 2,005,133	

The fair value of the U.S. Treasury Note and Commercial Paper was determined based on level 2 inputs. The District estimates fair value of the investments using inputs such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

The District's investments in State Investment Pools (statewide 2a7-like external investment pools) are not required to be measured at fair value but are measured at amortized cost.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Lone Star

The Lone Star Investment Pool ("Lone Star") is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards, with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the Board of Trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both Lone Star members and nonmembers. Lone Star is rated 'AAAm' by Standard and Poor's and operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The District is invested in the Government Overnight Fund of Lone Star which seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight Plus maintain a net asset value of \$1.00. Lone Star is measured at amortized cost.

TexPool

TexPool was established as a trust company with the Treasurer of the State of Texas as trustee, segregated from all other trustees, investments, and activities of the trust company. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, Standard & Poor's rates TexPool 'AAAm'. As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as to the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review. TexPool is an external investment pool measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, TexPool must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity, and diversification requirements within TexPool. TexPool transacts at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, has weighted average maturities of 60 days or less, and weighted average lives of 120 days or less. Investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, have no more than five percent of portfolio with one issuer (excluding U.S. government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. TexPool has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. TexPool's authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium, or national state of emergency that affects TexPool's liquidity.

Texas Range

The Texas Range Investment Program "the Pool" was organized as the TexasTERM Local Government Investment Pool in conformity with the State of Texas Interlocal Cooperation Act and is administered by PFM Asset Management, LLC/ U.S. Bank serves at the Pool's custodial bank. The Pool operates three separate investment Portfolios, Texas DAILY, Texas DAILY Select and Texas TERM.

The primary objective of the Texas DAILY portfolio is to produce the highest income consistent with preserving principal and maintaining liquidity. The portfolio will maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity that does not exceed 60 days and seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 per share. Texas DAILY may invest in securities including: obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or the United States, certificates of deposit issued by FDIC insured banks, money-market mutual funds, and repurchase

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

agreements involving obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities which meet the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act.

The Texas DAILY portfolio has a redemption notice period of one day and no maximum transaction amounts. The investment pools' authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pools' liquidity.

Texas CLASS

Texas CLASS was created in accordance with the requirements contained in section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Act (PFIA). The Texas CLASS Trust Agreement is an agreement of indefinite term regarding the investment, reinvestment, and withdrawal of local government funds. The parties to the Trust Agreement are Texas local government entities that choose to participate in the Trust (the Participants), Public Trust Advisors, LLC (Public Trust) as Program Administrator, and UMB Bank, N.A. as Custodian.

Texas CLASS is an external investment pool measured at fair value, i.e. net asset value. The investment pool's strategy is to seek preservation of principal, liquidity, and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. There are no unfunded commitments related to the investment pool. Texas CLASS has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. The investment pool's authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pool's liquidity. The Texas CLASS portfolio consists of U.S. Government securities; collateralized repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements' AAA rated money market mutual funds; and commercial paper.

B. Receivables

Receivables due from other governments as of June 30, 2023, for the District's individual major funds and Non-major Governmental Funds are as follows:

General Fund	
State Aid	\$ 1,661,575
Other	 105,415
Total General Fund	 1,766,990
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Grants	 1,103,517
Debt Service	
Other	 39,449
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 2,909,956

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities at year end is as follows:

	Balance				Balance,
	July 1,				June 30,
	2022	Additions	Transfers	Deletions	2023
Capital Assets not being deprec	iated:				
Land	\$ 22,435,067	\$ 4,327,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,762,567
Construction In Progress	1,202,361	10,953,529			12,155,890
Total	23,637,428	15,281,029			38,918,457
Capital Assets being depreciate	<u>:d:</u>				
Buildings and Improvements	373,847,733	38,240	-	-	373,885,973
Furniture and Equipment	11,503,320	4,440,028	-	-	15,943,348
Vehicles	8,128,455	2,407,367	-	-	10,535,822
Infrastructure	29,606,861	23,040			29,629,901
Total	423,086,369	6,908,675			429,995,044
Less Accumulated Depreciation	<u>.</u>				
Buildings and Improvements	(70,409,792)	(7,664,047)	-	-	(78,073,839)
Furniture and Equipment	(7,263,366)	(1,231,974)	-	-	(8,495,340)
Vehicles	(4,773,357)	(601,741)	-	-	(5,375,098)
Infrastructure	(20,772,296)	(1,173,026)			(21,945,322)
Total	(103,218,811)	(10,670,788)			(113,889,599)
Total Capital Assets					
being depreciated	319,867,558	(3,762,113)			316,105,445
Capital Assets, Net	\$343,504,986	\$ 11,518,916	\$ -	\$ -	\$355,023,902

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

		Governmental
		<u>Activities</u>
11	Instruction	\$ 5,544,911
12	Instructional Resources & Media Services	163,321
13	Curriculum & Staff Development	146,900
23	School Leadership	451,543
31	Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	282,215
33	Health Services	112,886
34	Student Transportation	572,840
35	Child Nutrition Services	424,038
36	Co-Curricular Activities	914,252
41	General Administration	68,682
51	Plant Maintenance & Operations	1,027,441
52	Security & Monitoring Services	217,813
53	Data Processing Services	743,701
61	Community Services	245
	Total Depreciation	\$ 10,670,788

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

D. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the District's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year. In general, the District uses the debt service fund to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

	Beginning				Ending		Due Within																																		
	Balance	Additions	Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		Balance	_	One Year
Bonds Payable	\$ 287,976,463	\$ 110,000,000	\$ 20,3	371,233	\$ 377,605,230	\$	5,730,339																																		
Notes Payable	485,000	-	:	165,000	320,000		170,000																																		
Leases Payable	-	313,078	:	101,050	212,028		104,324																																		
Accreted Interest	12,030,912	517,164	3,	713,331	8,834,745		2,705,189																																		
Bond Premium	16,450,660	318,798	2,:	110,426	14,659,032		-																																		
Total	\$ 316,943,035	\$ 111,149,040	\$ 26,4	461,040	\$ 401,631,035	\$	8,709,852																																		

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

The annual requirements to amortize debt issues outstanding at year end were as follows:

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Year Ending				
June 30,	Principal	Interest		Total
2024	\$ 5,730,333	\$ 15,148,544	\$	20,878,877
2025	10,260,000	13,080,448		23,340,448
2026	10,310,000	12,678,635		22,988,635
2027	10,405,000	12,266,689		22,671,689
2028	11,530,000	12,991,126		24,521,126
2029-33	58,524,897	67,023,354		125,548,251
2034-38	70,350,000	48,525,857		118,875,857
2039-43	78,015,000	35,370,556		113,385,556
2044-48	96,035,000	18,193,525		114,228,525
2049-53	26,445,000	3,696,000		30,141,000
Total	\$ 377,605,230	\$ 238,974,734	\$	616,579,964

Notes Payable

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 170,000	\$ 6,945	\$ 176,945
2025	 150,000	3,375	153,375
Total	\$ 320,000	\$ 10,320	\$ 330,320

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

A summary of changes in long term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Original	Interest	Final	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due Within	Accreted
Series	Amount	Rates	Maturity	07/01/22	Issued	Retired	06/30/23	One Year	Interest
Bonds Pay	able								
1999	\$ 38,597,407	4.00 - 5.00%	2024	\$ 1,845,744	\$ -	\$ 946,870	\$ 898,874	\$ 898,874	\$ 2,172,912
2002	7,736,757	3.50 - 5.00%	2024	35,830	-	19,370	16,460	16,460	532,277
2014	8,854,992	0.60 - 3.55%	2036	8,034,993	-	2,749,993	5,285,000	90,000	-
2016	81,545,000	2.00 - 5.00%	2047	77,745,000	-	365,000	77,380,000	425,000	-
2017	81,215,000	3.00 - 5.00%	2048	80,110,000	-	520,000	79,590,000	310,000	-
2019	40,980,000	5.00%	2029	32,360,000	-	1,310,000	31,050,000	865,000	-
2020	90,699,896	0.28 - 2.63%	2043	87,844,896	-	2,275,000	85,569,896	2,235,000	6,129,556
2022	45,000,000	2.00 - 2.80%	2051	-	45,000,000	12,185,000	32,815,000	515,000	
2023	65,000,000	3.125%	2053	-	65,000,000	-	65,000,000	375,000	
Notes Pay	able								
2015	1,500,000	0.50 - 2.25%	2025	485,000	-	165,000	320,000	170,000	-
Totals	\$ 461,129,052	-		\$ 288,461,463	\$ 110,000,000	\$ 20,536,233	\$ 377,925,230	\$ 5,900,334	\$ 8,834,745

2022 Authorization

In May of 2022 voters authorized \$165.34M to be issued in bond debt solely for the purpose of constructing, equipping, and renovating school buildings, purchasing sites for future schools, and paying costs of issuance. Through June 30, 2023, the District has issued \$110M in variable rate bonds pursuant to this authorization.

On August 1, 2022, the District issued \$45,000,000 Fixed and Variable Rate Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2022. The Bonds will bear interest at an Initial Rate from Aug 30, 2022 through November 30, 2023, with interest being payable initially on December 1, 2022 and will be payable on each December 1 and June 1 thereafter through the initial rate period at the rate of 2.00%. Thereafter, the Bonds will convert to and bear interest at a Term Rate determined by the Remarketing Agent provided that the interest rate mode on the Bonds may be (a) changed from time to time to a Weekly Rate, Monthly Rate, Quarterly Rate or Semiannual Rate or back to a Term Rate (each a "Variable Rate"), (b) changed to a Flexible Rate, or (c) converted to a Fixed Rate until maturity.

The bonds are subject to mandatory tender without the right of retention on the Conversion Date following the end of the Initial Rate Period on December 1, 2023. During the Initial Rate Period, the Bonds are not subject to the benefit of a liquidity facility provided by a third party. Accordingly, a failure by the Remarketing Agent to remarket Bonds subject to mandatory tender on the Conversion Date at the end of the Initial Rate Period will result in the rescission of the notice of mandatory tender with respect thereto and the District not having any obligation to purchase such bonds at that time. The occurrence of the foregoing will not result in an event of default under the Order. Until the District redeems or remarkets the bonds that have been unsuccessfully remarketed, such bonds shall bear interest at the "Stepped Rate", which is defined as 7.00% per annum.

On April 15, 2023, the District issued \$65,000,000 Variable Rate Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2023. The Bonds will bear interest at an Initial Rate from May 24, 2023 through January 31, 2027, with interest being payable initially on February 1, 2024 and will be payable on each February 1 and August 1 thereafter through the initial rate period at the rate of 2.00%. Thereafter, the Bonds will convert to and bear interest at a Term Rate determined by the Remarketing Agent provided that the interest rate mode on the Bonds may be (a) changed from time to time to a Weekly Rate, Monthly Rate, Quarterly Rate or Semiannual Rate or back to a Term Rate (each a "Variable Rate"), (b) changed to a Flexible Rate, or (c) converted to a Fixed Rate until maturity.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The bonds are subject to mandatory tender without the right of retention on the Conversion Date following the end of the Initial Rate Period on February 1, 2027. During the Initial Rate Period, the Bonds are not subject to the benefit of a liquidity facility provided by a third party. Accordingly, a failure by the Remarketing Agent to remarket Bonds subject to mandatory tender on the Conversion Date at the end of the Initial Rate Period will result in the rescission of the notice of mandatory tender with respect thereto and the District not having any obligation to purchase such bonds at that time. The occurrence of the foregoing will not result in an event of default under the Order. Until the District redeems or remarkets the bonds that have been unsuccessfully remarketed, such bonds shall bear interest at the "Stepped Rate", which is defined as 7.00% per annum.

E. Commitments Under Noncapitalized Leases

The District has various operating lease agreements where the future minimum payments are immaterial to the operations of the District and, accordingly, the District has elected not to disclose future payments by fiscal year.

F. Interfund Transactions

The interfund balances and transfers at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Receivable		Payable	
		Balance		Balance
General Fund:				
Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$	628,526	\$	-
Total General Fund	\$	628,526	\$	
Non-Major Special Revenue Funds:				
General Fund		-		628,526
Permanent Fund		-		34,880
Non-Major Permanent Funds:				
Non-major Special Revenue Funds		34,880		
TOTAL	\$	663,406	\$	663,406

Amounts recorded as due to/from are considered to be temporary loans and will be repaid during the following year.

Transfers From	From Transfers To		Amount	Purpose	
Internal Service	General Fund	\$	450,000	Operating surplus	
General Fund	Federal Special Revenue		140,446	Revenue supplement	

III. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District purchases commercial insurance. The

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. No claim liabilities are reported at year end.

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed, or not performed correctly, it could result in a substantial liability to the District. The District has engaged an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with IRS rules and regulations. The calculated Arbitage Rebate Payable at June 30, 2023 is \$975,873.

C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Teacher Retirement System

Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by TRS. It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. TRS's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by TRS.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about TRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and Required Supplementary Information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512)642-6592.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes, including automatic cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs). Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan Description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of TRS during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. SB12 of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 through 2025.

Contribution Rates					
	2023				
	8.00%				
	8.00%				
	1.80%				
\$	1,901,628				
\$	5,441,560				
\$	3,743,594				
	\$				

Contributors to TRS include members, employers, and the State as the only non-employer contributing entity (NECE). The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools, and state agencies, including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to TRS in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act.

As the NECE for public education and junior colleges, the State contributes to TRS an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of TRS during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below, which are paid by the employers.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Employers (public school, junior college, other entities, or the State as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational, and general or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to TRS an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge to which an employer is subject to:

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.7% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2022, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the TRS, the employer shall pay both the member contribution rate and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability (TPL) in the August 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date
August 31, 2021 rolled forward to August 31, 2022
Actuarial cost method
Individual entry age normal
Asset valuation method
Fair value
Single discount rate
7.00%
Long-term expected investment rate of return
7.00%

Municipal bond rate 3.91%. Source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data / Yield Curve/

Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's

None

"20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."

Last year ending August 31 in projection period (100 years)

2121
Inflation
2.30%
Salary increases
2.95% to 8.95%, including inflation

Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the TPL are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of ending August 31, 2021. For a full description of these assumptions, please see the TRS actuarial valuation report dated November 12, 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the TPL. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers, and the NECE will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, TRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

The long-term rate of return on TRS investments is 7.00%. The long-term expected rate of return on TRS pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in TRS' target asset allocation as of August 31, 2022 are summarized as follows:

Asset Class (4)	Target Allocation (1)	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return (2)	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Results
Global Equity			
U.S	18.00%	4.60%	1.12%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	4.90%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	5.40%	0.75%
Private Equity	14.00%	7.70%	1.55%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	1.00%	0.22%
Absolute Return	0.00%	3.70%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	3.40%	0.18%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.10%	0.94%
Energy and Natural Resources	6.00%	5.10%	0.37%
Commodities	0.00%	3.60%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8.00%	4.60%	0.43%
Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	3.00%	0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	3.60%	-0.05%
Inflation Expectation			2.70%
Volatility Drag (3)			-0.91%
Total	100%		8.19%

- (1) Target allocations are based on the fiscal year 2021 policy model.
- (2) Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 8/31/2021).
- (3) The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.
- (4) Absolute Return includes credit sensitive investments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

<u>Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis</u>

The following table presents the net pension liability (NPL) of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00%, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in	Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount
	Discount Rate (6.00%)	(7.00%)	Rate (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension			
liability:	\$42,911,843	\$27,585,027	\$15,161,923

Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$27,585,027 for its proportionate share of the TRS's NPL. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the NPL, the related State support, and the total portion of the NPL that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$27,585,027
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	47,628,259
Total	\$75,213,286

The NPL was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the TPL used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the NPL was based on the District's contributions to TRS relative to the contributions of all employers to TRS for the period September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022, the District's proportion of the collective NPL was 0.000464649%, which was an increase of 0.000045975% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability. These new assumptions were adopted in conjunction with an actuarial experience study. The primary assumption change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25 percent to 7.00 percent.

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,743,594 and revenue of \$3,743,594 for support provided by the State.

On August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 399,981	\$ 601,406
Changes in actuarial assumptions	5,139,988	1,281,029
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	2,725,312	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	2,347,133	416,096
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	1,901,628	-
Total	\$ 12,514,042	\$ 2,298,531

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	Pension Expense Amount
2023	\$2,244,866
2024	\$1,359,727
2025	\$644,630
2026	\$3,427,611
2027	\$637,069
Thereafter	\$0

D. Defined Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in TRS-Care. It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit OPEB plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature. The TRS Board of Trustees (the "Board") administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and Required Supplementary Information. That report may be obtained at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about_publications.aspx or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512)542-6592.

Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least ten years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes, including automatic cost-of-living adjustments.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	<u>Medicare</u>	Non-Medicare	
Retiree*	\$ 135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse	529		689
Retiree* and Children	468		408
Retiree and Family	1,020		999
*or surviving spouse			

Contributions

Contribution rates for TRS-Care are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you- go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the State, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the State's contribution rate, which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate, which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to TRS-Care by type of contributor:

Contribution Rates

		2022		
Active Employee		0.65%		
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)		1.25%		
Employers		0.75%		
Federal/private funding remitted by employers	1.25%			
		2022		
Employer Contributions	\$	466,353		
Member Contributions	\$	442,124		
NECE On-behalf Contributions	\$	675,588		

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject (regardless of whether they participate in the TRS-Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$83 million in fiscal year 2022 from the Federal Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to help defray Covid-19 related health care costs during fiscal year 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB liability to August 31, 2022. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the TRS pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2021 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2022:

Rates of Mortality
 Rates of Retirement
 Rates of Retirement
 Rates of Termination
 Rates of Mortality
 Rates of Disability
 General Inflation
 Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on 90% of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the monthly projection scale MP-2018.

Additional actuarial methods and assumptions are as follows:

Valuation date 8/31/2021 rolled forward to 8/31/2022

Actuarial cost method Individual entry age normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single discount rate 3.91% as of August 31, 2022
Aging factors Based on plan-specific experience

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the

delivery of healthcare benefits are included in the age-

adjusted claims costs.

Projected salary increases 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation

Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes None

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.91% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 1.96% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because TRS-Care is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the NECE are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, TRS-Care's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" of as August 31, 2021 using the fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis – The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability:

	1% Decrease in		Curren	t Single	1% Increase in		
	Discount Rate (2.91%)		Discount F	Rate (3.91%)	Discount Rate (4.91%)		
District's proportionate share							
of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 19,036	,822 \$	\$	16,145,498	\$	13,803,154	

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$16,145,498 for its proportionate share of TRS-Care's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$16,145,498
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	19,694,970
Total	\$35,840,468

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the District's contributions to TRS-Care relative to the contributions of all employers to TRS-Care for the period September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022.

On June 30, 2023, the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0674302%, compared to 0.0632240% as of June 30, 2022.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the health trend rates assumed.

	1% Decrease in	Current Healthcare	1% Increase in		
	Healthcare Trend Rate	Trend Rate	Healthcare Trend Rate		
District's proportionate share					
of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 13,303,963	\$ 16,145,498	\$ 19,829,182		

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB Liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate was changed from 1.95% as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91% as of August 31, 2022. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$1,768,513).

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

At August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of TRS-Care's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows	Def	erred Inflows	
	of	Resources	of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual economic experience	\$	897,633	\$	13,450,649	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		2,459,279		11,216,931	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		48,093		-	
Changes in proportion and Differences between the District's					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		5,494,479		-	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		466,353		-	
Total	\$	9,365,837	\$	24,667,580	

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPEB Expense				
Year ended June 30:	Amount				
2023	\$ (3,043,468)				
2024	\$ (3,043,294)				
2025	\$ (2,358,624)				
2026	\$ (1,431,686)				
2027	\$ (1,929,247)				
Thereafter	\$ \$ (3,961,777)				

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$675,588 and revenue of \$675,588 for support provided by the State.

Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for TRS-Care to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$351,240, \$273,419, and \$283,928, respectively.

E. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended June 30, 2023, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the "Plan"). The District paid premiums of \$331 per month per employee, \$356 per month per employee with child, \$381 per month per employee and spouse, and \$406 per month per employee and family to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement. The contract between the District and the insurer is renewable September 1, 2023 and terms of coverage and premiums costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

F. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District is insured. This exposure is in property and general liability, workers' compensation, and unemployment compensation.

Property and General Liability

The District purchases commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year for any category of risk.

Workers' Compensation

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover workers compensation claims.

Unemployment Compensation

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the "Fund"). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop-loss coverage for the unemployment compensation pool. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2022 are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

G. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations by Function

The Texas Education Agency requires the budgets for certain Governmental fund types to be filed with the Texas Education Agency. The budget should not be exceeded in any functional category under TEA requirements. Expenditures exceeded appropriations in three functional categories in the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2023. Amounts budgeted for child nutrition and plant maintenance were not adequate to cover actual expenditures.

H. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 94: Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset),

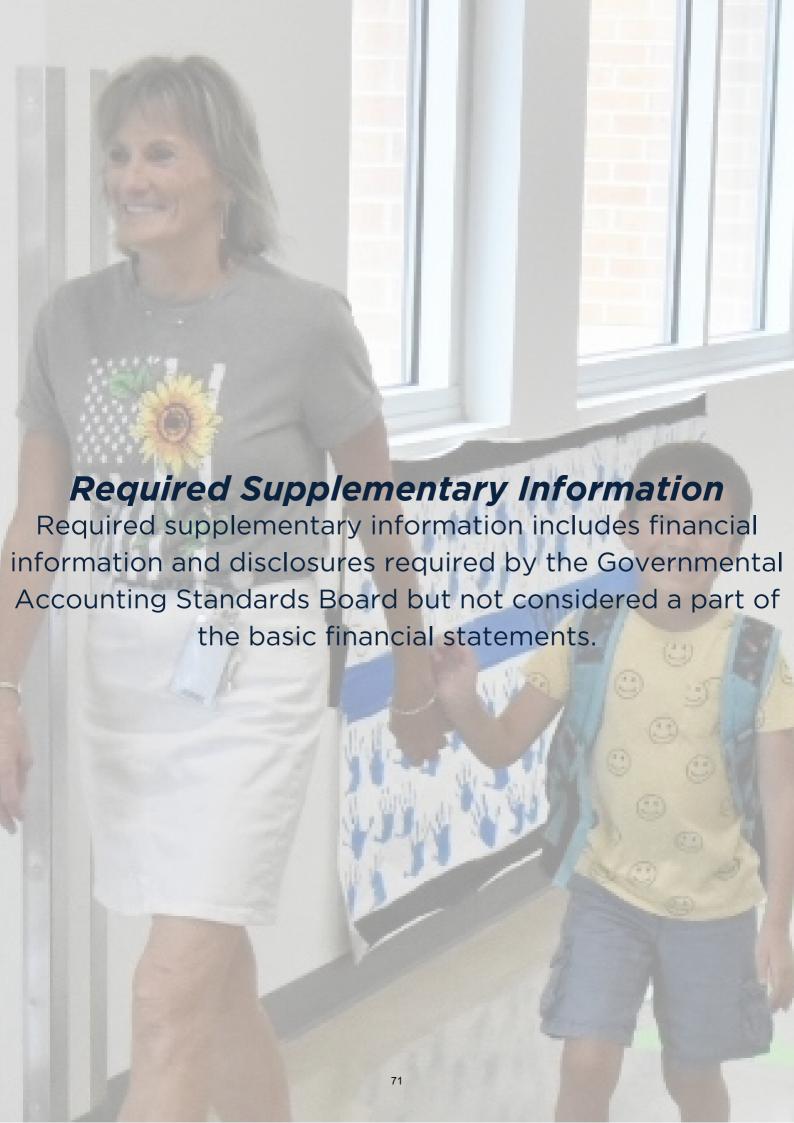
Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. This Statement became effective in this fiscal year and did not have an impact on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 96: Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. This Statement became effective in this fiscal year and the resulting proceeds and liabilities, while immaterial, have been recorded in the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 100: Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement becomes effective in fiscal year 2024 and its impact on the District's financial statements cannot be assessed at the date of this report.

GASB Statement No. 101: Compensated Absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. This statement became effective in this fiscal year and did not have an impact on the financial statements of the District.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Actual Budgeted Amounts Amounts

Data			Budgeted Amounts				Amounts			
			Dadgeted / infodites				Amounts			
Control								Var	iance with Final	
Codes			Original		Final		(GAAP Basis)		Budget	
	REVENUES									
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	87,383,400	Ś	89,174,734	Ś	90,575,193	Ś	1,400,459	
5800	State Sources	Ψ	9,769,124	Ψ	11,600,358	7	12,466,612	Y	866,254	
5900	Federal Sources		1,295,000		1,295,000		1,998,210		703,210	
			_				_			
5020	Total Revenues		98,447,524		102,070,092		105,040,015		2,969,923	
	EXPENDITURES									
	Current:									
0010	Instruction & Instructional Related Services:									
0011	Instruction		54,093,189		54,276,189		52,803,048		1,473,141	
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		1,018,624		1,013,624		980,141		33,483	
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		3,039,318		3,360,318	_	3,105,958		254,360	
	Total Instruction & Instructional Related Services		58,151,131		58,650,131		56,889,147		1,760,984	
0020	Instructional & School Leadership:									
0021	Instructional Leadership		1,456,001		1,513,001		1,469,840		43,161	
0023	School Leadership		5,407,561		5,415,561		5,323,460		92,101	
	Total Instructional and School Leadership		6,863,562		6,928,562		6,793,300		135,262	
0030	Support Services - Student:									
0031	Guidance and Counseling Services		3,907,984		3,999,984		3,940,846		59,138	
0033	Health Services		1,039,825		1,056,825		992,041		64,784	
0034	Pupil Transportation		2,811,117		3,120,617		3,000,196		120,421	
0035	Child Nutrition Services		37,721		76,721		78,994		(2,273)	
0036	Co-Curricular Activities		2,856,762		2,940,762		2,906,087		34,675	
	Total Support Services - Student		10,653,409		11,194,909		10,918,164		276,745	
0040	Administration:									
0040	General Administration		3,962,323		4,033,323		3,695,027		338,296	
0041										
	Total Administration		3,962,323		4,033,323		3,695,027		338,296	
0050	Support Services - Non-Student Based:									
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		9,700,799		9,957,799		10,049,033		(91,234)	
0052	Security & Monitoring Services		971,419		1,947,619		1,415,747		531,872	
0053	Data Processing Services		2,393,456		2,532,456		2,343,241		189,215	
	Total Support Services - Non-Student Based		13,065,674		14,437,874		13,808,021		629,853	
0060	Ancillary Services:									
0061	Community Services		43,960		45,610		43,031		2,579	
	Total Ancillary Services		43,960		45,610	_	43,031		2,579	
0070	Debt Service									
0071	Debt Service	_	174,110		286,110	_	283,167		2,943	
	Total Debt Service		174,110		286,110		283,167		2,943	
								_		

Data		 Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts		
Control Codes		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	٧	/ariance with Final Budget
	EXPENDITURES (Continued)					
0090	Intergovernmental Charges					
0091	Chapter 49 Recapture	\$ 5,725,432	\$ 8,694,850	7,485,147	'\$	1,209,703
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	 880,000	990,000	817,510) _	172,490
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	 6,605,432	9,684,850	8,302,657		1,382,193
6030	Total Expenditures	 99,519,601	105,261,369	100,732,514	<u> </u>	4,528,855
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (1,072,077)	(3,191,277	4,307,502	<u> </u>	7,498,778
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
7913	Proceeds from Right to Use Leased Assets	-	315,000	313,078	3	(1,922)
7915	Transfer from Capital Projects Fund	-	-	450,000)	450,000
8911	Transfer Out	 -		(140,446	<u>) </u>	(140,446)
	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 	315,000	622,632	<u>-</u> _	307,632
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,072,077)	(2,876,277	4,930,133	3	7,806,410
0100	FUND BALANCES, July 1, 2022	 23,192,414	23,192,414	23,192,414	<u> </u>	
3000	FUND BALANCES, June 30, 2023	\$ 22,120,337	\$ 20,316,137	\$ 28,122,547	\$	7,806,410

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Me	asurement Year				
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.0464649%	0.0418674%	0.0431739%	0.0413868%	0.0399888%	0.0394284%	0.0383046%	0.0395622%	0.0243006%
, , ,, , ,, , ,, , ,, , ,, , ,, , ,, ,, ,, ,		0.0 10 10 1570	0.0.12007.170	0.0.0170370	0.0.1200070	0.003300070	0.000 120 170	0.00000 1070	0.003302270	0.02 .000075
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	27,585,027 \$	10,662,144	\$ 23,123,035 \$	21,514,139 \$	22,010,814 \$	12,607,080 \$	14,474,737 \$	13,984,711 \$	6,491,027
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	_	47,628,259	22,682,109	 45,823,139	41,785,626	42,175,066	24,437,063	28,970,238	26,992,031	22,919,079
Total	\$	75,213,286 \$	33,344,253	\$ 68,946,174 \$	63,299,765 \$	64,185,880 \$	37,044,143 \$	43,444,975 \$	40,976,742 \$	29,410,106
District's Covered Payroll	\$	65,212,403 \$	63,174,589	\$ 60,689,798 \$	53,179,855 \$	48,863,880 \$	46,966,848 \$	44,011,175 \$	41,898,919 \$	40,418,780
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		42.30%	16.88%	38.10%	40.46%	45.05%	26.84%	32.89%	33.38%	16.06%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		75.62%	75.24%	73.74%	73.74%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

Note: GASB 68, 81.a.(2)(a) requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the period covered as of the measurement date of August 31, 2022 - the period from September 1, 2021 - August 31, 2022.

Note: Nine years of data are presented in accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 2,280,629	\$ 2,075,187	\$ 1,773,928	\$ 1,599,407	\$ 1,208,597	\$ 1,340,091	\$ 1,282,679	\$ 1,207,743	\$ 1,079,313
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution Associated with the District	(2,280,629)	(2,075,187)	(1,773,928)	(1,599,407)	(1,208,597)	(1,340,091)	(1,282,679)	(1,207,743)	(1,079,313)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 68,019,486	\$ 64,662,666	\$ 62,854,308	\$ 59,411,556	\$ 53,179,855	\$ 48,863,880	\$ 46,596,786	\$ 44,011,175	\$ 42,065,117
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	3.35%	3.21%	2.82%	2.69%	2.27%	2.74%	2.75%	2.74%	2.57%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81.b. requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's current fiscal year end.

Note: Nine years of data are presented in accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET LIABILITY OF A COST-SHARING MULTIPLE EMPLOYER OPEB PLAN TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

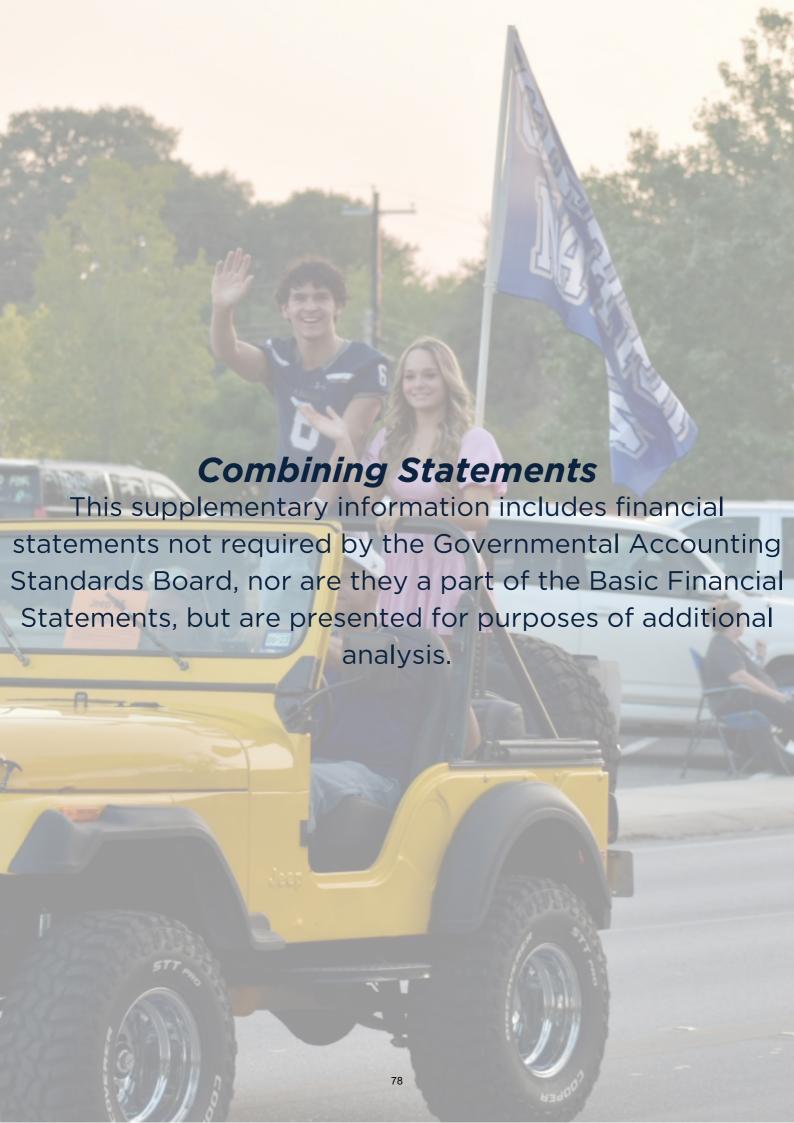
				Measureme	nt Year		
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.0674302%	0.0632240%	0.0626829%	0.0599127%	0.0571479%	0.0539478%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	16,145,498 \$	24,388,321	23,828,609 \$	28,333,429 \$	28,534,482 \$	23,439,856
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	_	19,694,970	32,674,914	41,563,944	37,648,788	43,232,210	37,806,439
Total	\$	35,840,468 \$	57,063,235	65,392,553 \$	65,982,217 \$	71,766,692 \$	61,246,295
District's Covered Payroll	\$	65,212,403 \$	63,174,589	60,689,798 \$	53,179,855 \$	48,863,880 \$	46,966,848
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		24.76%	38.60%	39.26%	53.28%	58.40%	49.91%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		6.18%	6.18%	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%

Note: The authoritative pronoucement that mandates this schedule requires ten years of historical data or the maximum available as of the date the financial statements. Six years of data is available as of the date of these statements.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TO A COST-SHARING MULTIPLE EMPLOYER OPEB PLAN TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	564,350	\$	484,924	\$	470,285	\$	466,914	\$	420,542	\$	374,736
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution Associated with the District		(564,350)		(484,924)		(470,285)		(466,914)		(420,542)		(374,736)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 68	3,019,486	\$6	54,662,666	\$6	52,854,308	\$ 5	59,411,556	\$ 5	53,179,855	\$ 4	18,863,880
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.83%		0.75%		0.75%		0.79%		0.79%		0.77%

Note: The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of the Plan's fiscal year end, August 31 of the prior year. Five years of data is available as of the date of these statements.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes	-	eral Special enue Funds		State Special Revenue Funds	Local Special Revenue Funds		:	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Permanent Fund Boerne Outdoor Academy			Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	ASSETS											
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,491,511	\$	-	\$	1,770,782	\$	3,262,293	\$	57,270	\$	3,319,563
1240	Due from Other Governments	992,339		111,178		=		1,103,517		=		1,103,517
1260	Due from Other Funds	-		-		-		-		34,880		34,880
1290	Other Receivables	7,284		-		2,089		9,373		-		9,373
1300	Inventories	15,693		-		-		15,693		-		15,693
1410	Deferred Expenditures	 5,180	_	1,825	_	36,122	_	43,127			_	43,127
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,512,007	\$	113,003	\$	1,808,993	\$	4,434,003	\$	92,150	\$	4,526,153
	LIABILITIES											
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 79,752	\$	75,117	\$	129,068	\$	283,937	\$	38	\$	283,975
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	769,377		276		79,924		849,577		2,206		851,783
2170	Due to Other Funds	574,101		25,029		37,257		636,387		27,019		663,406
2300	Unearned Revenues	 227,484	_	1,131	_		_	228,615			_	228,615
2000	TOTAL LIABILITIES	 1,650,714	_	101,553	_	246,249	_	1,998,516	_	29,263	_	2,027,779
	FUND BALANCES											
3410	Nonspendable - Inventory	15,693		-		-		15,693		-		15,693
3450	Restricted for Federal and State Grants	845,600		11,450		-		857,050		-		857,050
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance	 -	_	-	_	1,562,744	_	1,562,744	_	62,887	_	1,625,631
3000	TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 861,293	_	11,450	_	1,562,744	_	2,435,487	_	62,887	_	2,498,374
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,512,007	\$	113,003	\$	1,808,993	\$	4,434,003	\$	92,150	\$	4,526,153

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Control Codes		ral Special nue Funds	State Special Revenue Funds	Local Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Permanent Fund Boerne Outdoor Academy	tal Nonmajor overnmental
	REVENUES:						
5700	Local & Intermediate Sources	\$ 2,212,129		\$ 2,658,149		\$ 70,040	\$ 4,940,318
5800	State Program Revenues	21,247	782,542	-	803,789	-	803,789
5900	Federal Program Revenues	 6,571,553			6,571,553		 6,571,553
5020	Total Revenues	 8,804,929	782,542	2,658,149	12,245,620	70,040	 12,315,660
	EXPENDITURES:						
0011	Instruction	4,305,714	549,137	709,010	5,563,861	65,362	5,629,223
0012	Instructional Resources & Media Services	-	-	88,825	88,825	-	88,825
0013	Curriculum & Inst'l Staff Development	220,370	143,564	25,637	389,571	-	389,571
0023	School Leadership	2,200	-	149,158	151,358	-	151,358
0031	Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	85,450	-	361,491	446,941	-	446,941
0033	Health Services	67,507	-	-	67,507	1,316	68,823
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	9,683	-	882	10,565	-	10,565
0035	Child Nutrition Services	3,994,492	-	-	3,994,492	27,553	4,022,045
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	-	-	1,068,499	1,068,499	-	1,068,499
0041	General Administration	17,040	-	19,432	36,472	-	36,472
0051	Plant Maintenance & Operations	73,723	94,199	93,735	261,657	-	261,657
0052	Security & Monitoring Services	8,956	-	31,584	40,540	-	40,540
0061	Community Services	5,755	-	-	5,755	-	5,755
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction	 		12,515	12,515		 12,515
6030	Total Expenditures	8,790,890	786,900	2,560,768	12,138,558	94,231	 12,232,789
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	14,039	(4,358)	97,381	107,062	(24,191)	82,871
7915	Transfers In	 140,446			140,446		140,446
1200	Excess (Deficiency) Of Revenues and Other						
	Resources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	154,485	(4,358)		247,508	(24,191)	223,317
0100	FUND BALANCE, July 1 (Beginning)	 706,808	15,808	1,465,363	2,187,979	87,078	 2,275,057
3000	FUND BALANCE, June 30 (Ending)	\$ 861,293	\$ 11,450	\$ 1,562,744	\$ 2,435,487	\$ 62,887	\$ 2,498,374



SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE JUNE 30, 2023

	1	2		3	10	20	31	32	40	50
Year		Tax Rates		Taxable		Current	Maintenance			
Ended	Maintenance &	Debt Service	_	Assessed	Balance	Year's	& Operations	Debt Service	Net	Balance
06/30	Operations	Debt Service	Total	Valuation	07/01/22	Tax Levy **	Collections	Collections	Adjustments	06/30/23
2014 & Prior years	\$ various	\$ various \$	various	\$ various	\$241,646		\$13,931	\$3,294		\$224,421
2015	1.0400	0.2540	1.2940	\$4,406,465,030	\$74,611		\$4,967	\$1,213		\$68,431
2016	1.0400	0.2540	1.2940	\$5,599,270,443	\$78,584		\$3,102	\$758		\$74,724
2017	1.0400	0.2760	1.3160	\$5,989,593,782	\$94,813		\$4,914	\$1,304		\$88,595
2018	1.0400	0.3140	1.3540	\$6,263,391,229	\$111,157		\$8,770	\$2,648	-\$509	\$99,230
2019	1.0400	0.3140	1.3540	\$6,688,345,157	\$158,024		\$11,981	\$3,617	\$13,243	\$155,669
2020	0.9700	0.3140	1.2840	\$7,550,239,262	\$234,423		\$42,187	\$13,656	\$89,961	\$268,541
2021	0.9379	0.3140	1.2519	\$8,046,678,127	\$345,481		\$19,075	\$6,386	\$16,899	\$336,919
2022	0.8806	0.3240	1.2046	\$8,764,613,982	\$1,416,215	-	\$619,683	\$228,001	-\$119,319	\$449,212
2023	0.8546	0.3240	1.1786	\$10,964,833,457	-	\$124,613,521	\$86,011,300	\$32,608,421	-\$4,094,509	\$1,899,291
				-	\$2,754,954	\$124,613,521	\$86,739,910	\$32,869,298	-\$4,094,234	\$3,665,033

^{**}Reflects net tax levy as of June 30th for the year then ended.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
DEBT SERVICE FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data		Budgeted	l Amou	nts		Actual Amounts		
Control Codes		Original		Final		(GAAP Basis)	Var	iance with Final
	REVENUES					· · ·		
5700 5800	Local and Intermediate Sources State Sources	\$ 32,645,000 240,000	\$	33,300,000 400,000	\$	33,484,191 531,236	\$	184,191 131,236
5000	Total Revenues	 32,885,000		33,700,000		34,015,427		315,427
0070	EXPENDITURES Debt Service							
0071	Debt Service - Principal on Long-Term Debt	21,194,938		20,371,233		20,371,233		-
0072	Debt Service - Interest	12,583,065		14,199,840		14,192,045		7,795
0073	Debt Service - Cost of Issuance and Fiscal Charges	 106,997		106,997		7,000		99,997
	Total Debt Service	 33,885,000		34,678,070		34,570,278	_	107,792
6030	Total Expenditures	 33,885,000		34,678,070		34,570,278		107,792
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (1,000,000)		(978,070)	_	(554,851)		423,219
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,000,000)		(978,070)		(554,851)		423,219
0100	FUND BALANCES, July 1, 2022	 10,423,847		10,423,847		10,423,847		-
3000	FUND BALANCES, June 30, 2023	\$ 9,423,847	\$	9,445,777	\$	9,868,996	\$	423,219

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
CHILD NUTRITION FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data			Budgeted	l Amou	nts	Actual Amounts		
Control Codes			Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)		nce with Final Budget
	REVENUES							
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	2,192,000	Ś	2,192,000	\$ 2,212,129	Ś	20,129
5800	State Sources	Y	8,000	7	8,000	21,247	7	13,247
5900	Federal Sources		1,200,000		1,750,000	1,680,152		(69,848)
5000	Total Revenues		3,400,000		3,950,000	3,913,528		(36,472)
	EXPENDITURES							
	Current:							
0030	Support Services - Student:							
0035	Child Nutrition Services		3,400,000		4,050,000	3,929,514		120,486
	Total Support Services - Student		3,400,000		4,050,000	3,929,514		120,486
6030	Total Expenditures		3,400,000	-	4,050,000	3,929,514		120,486
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures				(100,000)	(15,986)		84,014
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
7915	Transfers In					140,446		140,446
	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	140,446		140,446
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(100,000)	124,460		224,460
0100	FUND BALANCES, July 1, 2022		709,046		709,046	709,046		
3000	FUND BALANCES, June 30, 2023	\$	709,046	\$	609,046	\$ 833,506	\$	224,460

Use of Funds Report - Select State Allotment Programs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Data Codes			Responses
	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs		
	Districts are required to use at least 55% of state compensatory education state allot costs. Statutory Authority: Texas Education Code §48.104.	ment funds	on direct program
AP1	Did your district expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year? If no, please disregard the remaining questions in Section A and go to Section B.		Yes
AP2	Does the district have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
AP3	Total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	2,955,683
AP4	Actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	1,572,503
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs		
	Districts are required to spend at least 55% of bilingual education state allotment fun Statutory Authority: Texas Education Code §48.105.	ds on direct	program costs.
AP5	Did your district expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year? If no, please disregard the remaining questions in Section B.		Yes
AP6	Does the district have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
AP7	Total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	500,750
AP8	Actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	521,405



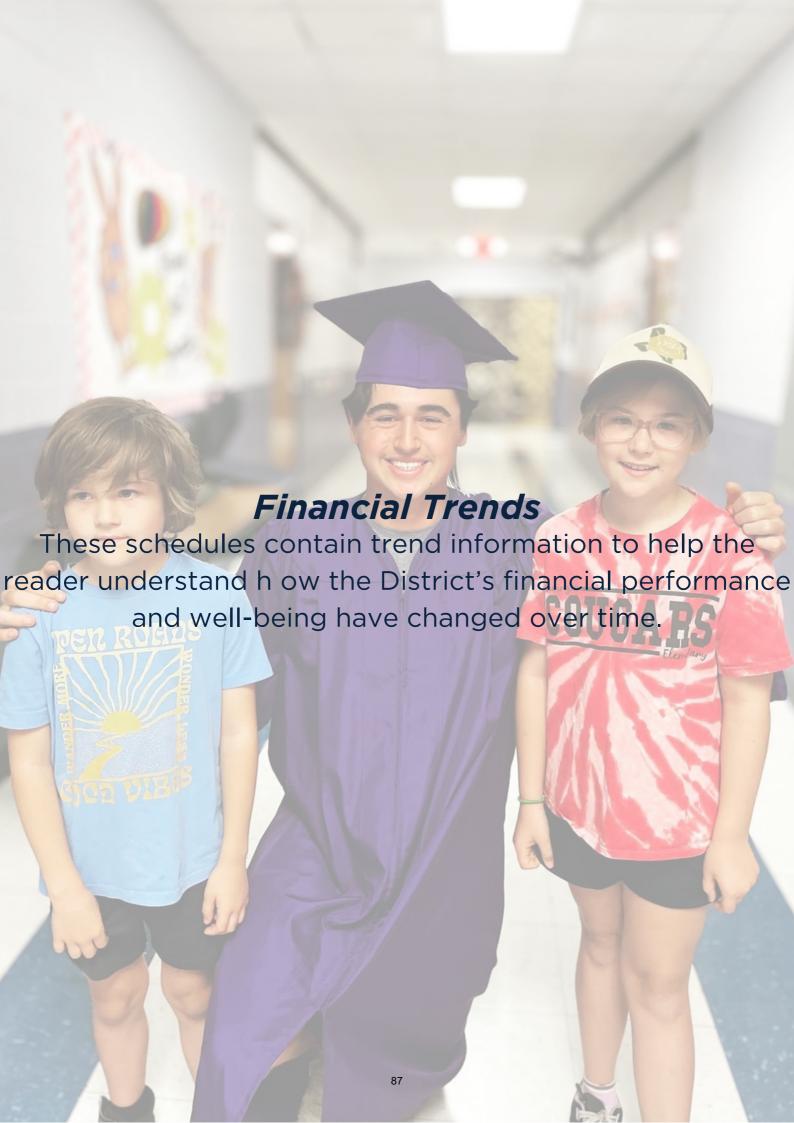


Table 1

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

			overnmental Activities	Go			
			Restricted For:				
				State and Federal	t Investment	Ne	
Total	 Unrestricted	Other	Debt Service	Programs	Capital Assets	in (Year
\$ 34,748,	\$ (28,081,823)	1,625,631	4,860,784	872,743	55,471,212	\$	2023
\$ 10,436,2	(35,185,957)	1,552,441	6,474,031	15,808	37,579,928	\$	2022
\$ (4,044,8	\$ (43,351,942)	1,425,897	5,204,383	131,294	32,545,511	\$	2021
\$ (2,892,3	\$ (31,771,067)	2,622,056	7,545,123	297,585	18,413,989	\$	2020
\$ 847,0	\$ (28,624,256)	1,640,884	6,035,641	776,733	21,018,070	\$	2019
\$ (2,473,	\$ (29,231,840)	1,406,281	6,275,417	639,037	18,437,759	\$	2018
\$ (13,010,0	\$ (34,920,873)	1,326,420	5,598,304	514,086	14,472,005	\$	2017
\$ 27,734,0	\$ 7,791,469	1,135,358	2,434,950	337,326	16,035,572	\$	2016
\$ 26,649,0	\$ 7,114,000	918,000	3,704,000	245,000	14,668,000	\$	2015
\$ 36,156,2	\$ 18,199,302	1,073,030	3,278,998	167,290	13,437,650	\$	2014

Table 2

BOERNE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
Instruction	\$ 66,578,214 \$							\$ 41,783,452		
Instructional Resources and Media Services	1,272,647	1,287,564	1,252,214	1,227,420	1,021,112	664,834	832,818	804,378	831,340	766,589
Curriculum and Staff Development	3,397,154	3,058,357	2,817,859	2,410,842	2,489,056	1,294,502	1,498,147	1,364,514	1,386,100	1,087,437
Instructional Leadership	1,518,607	1,334,183	1,347,941	1,587,071	894,011	468,266	565,542	523,465	535,661	499,522
School Leadership	6,163,158	5,849,796	6,259,304	5,848,539	5,306,579	2,659,945	3,934,241	3,332,457	3,117,781	2,873,622
Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	4,839,799	4,324,899	4,382,545	3,971,152	3,753,501	1,754,474	3,103,861	2,973,970	2,743,376	2,413,093
Health Services	1,218,911	1,162,670	1,335,471	1,500,031	966,611	461,512	769,862	682,220	767,621	619,641
Student (pupil) Transportation	3,669,719	3,484,979	3,156,341	3,061,686	2,641,926	2,145,076	2,603,637	2,529,115	2,650,255	2,343,520
Food Services	4,660,723	5,024,345	3,592,139	3,841,689	2,732,226	1,969,754	2,595,812	2,381,336	2,450,990	2,306,785
Co-curricular/Extracurricular Activities	4,969,478	4,611,532	4,425,202	3,392,270	3,700,698	3,419,309	3,841,479	3,315,729	3,491,645	3,119,078
General Administration	3,978,418	3,974,448	3,809,047	4,374,559	2,720,077	1,686,850	2,176,813	1,962,739	1,628,831	1,392,295
Plant Maintenance and Operations	11,438,324	12,080,887	10,706,826	8,807,461	8,143,551	6,747,686	7,165,622	6,965,016	6,547,224	6,441,414
Security and Monitoring Services	1,680,131	1,130,245	1,190,892	1,290,174	690,820	473,564	371,430	335,898	342,086	310,830
Data Processing Services	3,805,342	3,336,667	5,509,873	2,382,878	2,388,479	1,601,698	1,618,754	1,416,803	1,382,079	1,162,710
Community Services	49,737	44,923	54,329	41,401	46,365	61,498	84,854	163,855	153,915	145,984
Interest on Long-term Debt	9,154,730	8,985,660	8,411,431	12,736,542	14,044,438	14,524,854	11,197,778	8,770,095	9,359,832	5,159,270
Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	774,315	16,739	2,409,195	-	-	215,158	535,917	164,487	314,083	497,546
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,212	658,007	27,179	108,621
Contracted instructional services between state and others	7,485,147	-	2,176,662	-	10,554,906	9,377,461	7,670,790	6,377,347	8,050,500	7,220,447
Payments related to shared services arrangements	-	-	-	18,500	15,000	15,000	5,000	15,443	-	-
Other Intergovernmental Charges	817,510	851,213	760,023	873,655	726,318	671,313	726,660	688,564	700,734	625,274
Total Primary Government Expenses	137,472,064	123,241,194	124,902,024	116,870,903	114,254,956	81,294,705	96,741,298	87,208,890	82,939,188	74,516,724
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for services	3,543,543	1,769,004	2,901,070	2,233,620	2,895,384	3,884,811	4,395,138	4,316,399	4,197,739	3,855,180
Operating Grants and Contributions	21,639,364	25,515,403	15,286,557	13,065,238	10,362,199	(5,800,868)	6,889,173	5,078,871	4,393,884	3,451,904
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,325,000	23,313,403	13,200,337	13,003,230	10,302,133	(3,000,000)	0,005,175	5,070,071	-,555,664	3,431,304
Total Primary Government Revenues	29,507,907	27,284,407	18,187,627	15,298,858	13,257,583	(1,916,057)	11,284,311	9,395,270	8,591,623	7,307,084
rotal rimary dovernment nevenues	23,301,301	27,204,407	10,107,027	13,230,030	13,237,303	(1,510,057)	11,204,311	3,333,270	0,331,023	7,307,004
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (107,964,157) \$	(95,956,787) \$	(106,714,397) \$	(101,572,045) \$	(100,997,373)	\$ (83,210,762) \$	(85,456,987)	\$ (77,813,620)	\$ (74,347,565) \$	(67,209,640)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
General Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$ 121,300,871 \$, , ,	, , ,	//		, , - ,	, ,	\$ 71,720,652		,,
Investment Earnings	3,307,356	142,720	144,254	1,005,812	2,457,470	2,022,390	865,349	214,003	116,710	77,939
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted										
to Specific Programs	7,135,837	6,404,667	6,140,939	3,284,820	8,308,593	5,034,158	5,078,736	6,817,882	6,566,586	8,345,513
Insurance proceeds			534,172	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	532,389	495,078	375,983	1,815,344	1,806,724	1,269,801	3,771,156	147,230	848,079	282,660
Total Primary Government General Revenues	132,276,453	110,437,895	105,561,854	99,954,171	104,317,791	93,747,474	87,396,079	78,899,767	75,076,819	72,551,852
Change in Net Position - Total Primary Government	\$ 24,312,296 \$	14,481,108 \$	(1,152,543)	(1,617,874) \$	3,320,418	\$ 10,536,712 \$	1,939,092	\$ 1,086,147	\$ 729,254 \$	5,342,212

Table 3

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

				General Fund				All Other Governmental Funds						
	Non	-Spendable	Committed	<u>Assigned</u>	Unassigned	<u>Total</u>		Non-	Spendable	Restricted	Committed	<u>Unassigned</u>		<u>Total</u>
2023	\$	37,508	-	-	28,085,039	\$	28,122,547	\$	15,693	104,951,257	-	-	\$	104,966,950
2022	\$	36,952	-	-	23,155,462	\$	23,192,414	\$	27,997	12,670,907	-	(625,789)	\$	12,073,115
2021	\$	40,323	-	-	19,482,127	\$	19,522,450	\$	66,694	14,093,465	-	-	\$	14,160,159
2020	\$	-	-	-	19,746,632	\$	19,746,632	\$	43,411	15,083,537	-	-	\$	15,126,948
2019	\$	306,551	677,151	-	18,377,054	\$	19,360,756	\$	71,638	32,286,023	1,481,507	-	\$	33,839,168
2018	\$	261,988	677,151	-	15,856,873	\$	16,796,012	\$	15,226	85,835,951	-	-	\$	85,851,177
2017	\$	291,646	-	-	15,266,876	\$	15,558,522	\$	24,199	61,018,861	-	-	\$	61,043,060
2016	\$	314,901	-	-	12,743,781	\$	13,058,682	\$	11,643	1,471,298	-	-	\$	1,482,941
2015	\$	342,370	-	-	14,275,412	\$	14,617,782	\$	34,228	46,003,472	-	-	\$	46,037,700
2014	\$	323,888	-	1,445,000	12,357,149	\$	14,126,037	\$	61,646	90,465,267	-	-	\$	90,526,913

NOTE - The increases/decreases in fund balances are explained in the governmental funds section of the Management's Discussion and Analysis.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

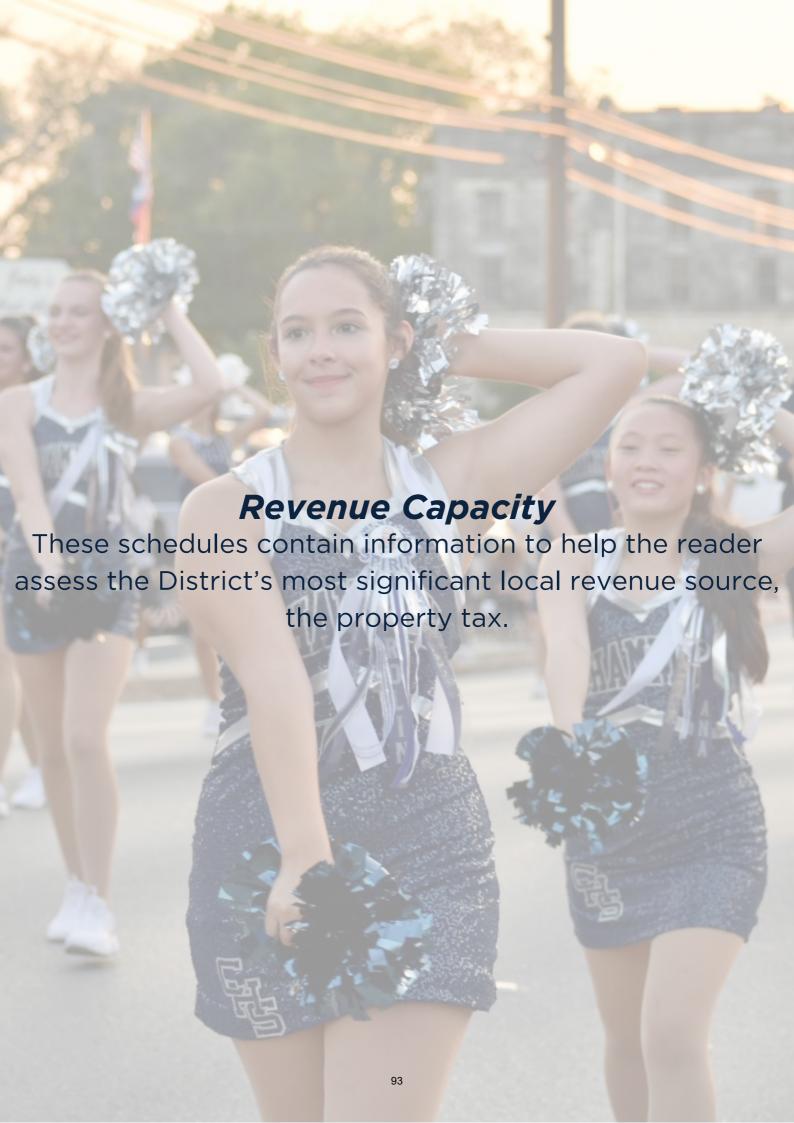
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2023	_	2022	_	2021	_	2020
REVENUES	d 420 747 000		407 402 070		402.000.240		00 605 504
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 130,747,903	\$	107,402,079	\$	102,860,319	\$	98,695,584
State Sources	13,801,637		12,130,351		11,726,940		9,644,262
Federal Sources Total Revenues	8,569,763 153,119,303	_	13,493,831		5,115,326 119,702,585	_	3,507,971 111,847,817
Total Revenues	155,119,505	_	155,020,201		119,702,363		111,047,017
EXPENDITURES							
Current: Instruction	E0 422 271		EE 174 610		E1 E44 001		EO 674 706
Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services	58,432,271		55,174,610		51,544,091		50,674,786
Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	1,068,966 3,495,529		1,093,299 2,928,061		1,021,229 2,634,764		1,559,975 2,202,629
Instructional Leadership	1,469,840		1,289,706		1,265,696		1,152,472
School Leadership	5,474,818		5,218,012		5,395,057		5,110,081
Guidance and Counseling Services	4,387,787		3,909,005		3,834,268		3,504,111
Health Services	1,060,864		1,015,324		1,142,920		1,023,112
Pupil Transportation	5,231,026		2,917,728		3,315,584		3,019,807
Child Nutrition Services	4,255,770		4,425,419		3,069,365		2,658,801
Co-Curricular Activities	3,974,586		3,791,563		3,363,270		3,234,150
General Administration	3,738,909		3,775,341		3,497,488		3,256,730
Plant Maintenance and Operations	10,446,690		10,771,674		9,517,114		8,636,803
Security & Monitoring Services	1,494,474		920,194		1,087,207		880,938
Data Processing Services	6,815,369		2,646,209		5,007,763		3,343,250
Community Services	48,786		44,308		53,137		40,726
Debt Service:	-,		,				-,
Principal on Long-term Debt	20,637,283		14,262,447		7,340,634		5,865,138
Interest	14,208,987		12,994,424		14,135,869		15,399,731
Cost of Issuance and Fiscal Charges	774,315		16,739		2,409,195		2,697,402
Capital Outlay:	,		,		, ,		
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	11,058,284		3,398,065		725,491		15,590,043
Intergovernmental:							
Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools	7,485,147		-		2,176,662		-
Payments to Shared Services Arrangements	-		-		-		18,500
Other Intergovernmental Charges	817,510		851,213		760,023		873,655
Total Expenditures	166,377,211		131,443,341		123,296,827		130,742,840
5 (5 (7) (5							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	(12.257.000)		1 502 020		(2 504 242)		(10 005 033)
(Under) Expenditures	(13,257,908)	_	1,582,920		(3,594,242)	_	(18,895,023)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Issuance of Debt - Capital-Related Bonds	110,000,000		-		-		-
Issuance of Debt - Refunding Bonds	-		-		90,699,896		40,980,000
Proceeds from Right to Use Leased Assets	313,078		-		-		-
Premium on Issuance of Bonds	318,798		-		5,481,842		7,736,082
Sale of Real and Personal Property	-		-		-		3,346
Insurance Recovery	-		-		534,172		-
Transfers In	590,446		-		450,000		1,273,835
Transfers Out	(140,446)		-		(555,229)		(1,273,835)
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		_	-		(95,685,423)		(46,669,242)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	111,081,876	_		_	925,258		2,050,186
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 97,823,968	\$	1,582,920	\$	(2,668,984)	\$	(16,844,837)
-		· =	·	_		_	
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures (1)	22.44%		21.29%		17.52%		18.47%

⁽¹⁾ Noncapital expenditures consist of total expenditures less capital outlays noted in the reconciliation of governmental funds to governmental activities. Debt service includes principal and interest only.

	2019	_	2018	_	2017		2016	_	2015		2014
\$	98,870,987	\$	92,051,189	\$	83,747,139	\$	76,100,028	\$	72,953,780	\$	67,965,433
	12,377,814		9,609,250		8,889,146		7,895,676		7,705,972		8,966,642
_	4,054,445		3,517,160	_	2,878,765		2,929,019		3,068,634		2,714,638
_	115,303,246	_	105,177,599	_	95,515,050	_	86,924,723	_	83,728,386	_	79,646,713
	43,878,596		41,188,738		39,026,550		36,873,668		33,998,134		32,590,102
	1,119,002		836,447		729,428		747,735		774,639		699,192
	2,272,207		1,547,192		1,390,643		1,327,614		1,347,874		1,050,198
	750,853		685,609		515,390		513,726		525,924		489,696
	4,461,560		4,119,787		3,617,399		3,146,872		3,112,022		2,826,295
	3,175,569		2,729,988		2,874,723		2,838,860		2,761,551		2,402,678
	821,154		718,574		714,670		678,785		764,186		616,253
	2,724,653		2,975,682		2,739,024		2,190,213		4,056,686		2,089,044
	2,575,787		2,386,535		2,339,274		2,283,038		2,321,453		2,167,833
	3,370,359		3,090,816		3,002,632		2,684,245		2,755,776		2,609,397
	2,362,868		2,230,089		2,058,582		2,108,670		1,673,312		1,508,752
	7,354,536		7,288,316		6,860,830		6,821,681		7,124,516		6,716,150
	628,380		499,686		360,229		331,638		336,636		306,645
	3,896,403		4,993,009		5,445,379		1,882,098		2,824,786		10,560,507
	38,020		68,279		78,238		160,156		152,321		145,804
	6,435,916		6,123,694		5,163,422		6,316,144		5,750,010		4,928,698
	15,585,094		14,018,547		11,366,885		9,478,303		7,359,920		5,751,421
	4,457		710,748		713,406		3,875		153,470		375,863
	53,494,235		61,590,990		36,010,427		31,236,865		42,853,099		7,076,761
	10,554,906		9,377,461		7,670,790		6,377,347		8,050,500		7,220,447
	15,000		15,000		5,000		15,443				-
_	726,318	_	671,313	_	726,660	_	688,564		700,734		625,274
_	166,245,873	_	167,866,500	_	133,409,581	_	118,705,540	_	129,397,549	_	92,757,010
_	(50,942,627)		(62,688,901)	_	(37,894,531)		(31,780,817)	_	(45,669,163)		(13,110,297)
	- -		81,215,000		81,545,000		-		- 15,734,992		98,025,000
	_		_		-		_				_
	- 13,855		7,519,508		6,862,082		-		808,087		1,829,107
	-		_		_		_		_		_
	750,734		1,058,034		374,639		178,429		377,840		78,038
	(750,734)		(1,058,034)		(374,639)		(178,429)		(144,864)		(78,038)
	-		(), ,		-		-		(15,104,360)		-
_	13,855	_	88,734,508	_	88,407,082	_	-		1,671,695		99,854,107
\$_	(50,928,772)	\$_	26,045,607	\$_	50,512,551	\$	(31,780,817)	\$	(43,997,468)	\$	86,743,810
	19.53%		18.95%		16.97%		18.06%		15.15%		12.47%
	25.5570		20.5570		20.5.70		20.0070		20.2070		



	_	Assessed and	d Ad	ctual Value					
Fiscal Year Ended 6/30:		Real Property Value (1)	•	Personal Property Value (1)	_	Less: Exemptions	 Total Assessed and Actual Value	_	Total Direct Rate (2)
2023	\$	15,964,830,545	\$	444,831,582	\$	(5,351,131,208)	\$ 11,058,530,919	\$	1.1786
2022		11,740,095,841		392,538,705		(2,966,437,012)	9,166,197,534		1.2046
2021		10,700,247,098		392,311,171		(2,676,673,493)	8,415,884,776		1.2519
2020		9,919,189,061		355,771,631		(2,510,178,584)	7,764,782,108		1.2840
2019		9,183,403,666		321,393,483		(2,323,871,405)	7,180,925,744		1.3540
2018		8,776,888,189		300,414,275		(2,303,156,164)	6,774,146,300		1.3540
2017		7,915,658,190		317,843,205		(2,034,746,484)	6,198,754,911		1.3160
2016		7,688,120,537		306,614,687		(2,139,890,787)	5,854,844,437		1.2940
2015		7,150,236,460		269,730,514		(1,890,060,811)	5,529,906,163		1.2940
2014		6,810,416,398		258,605,127		(1,863,281,007)	5,205,740,518		1.2940

⁽¹⁾ The value is the appraised value at original certification and fluctuates due to property owner protests and preliminary appraisal values at the time of certification.

Source: Kendall County (Texas) Appraisal District annually provides the District's with appraised values for properties within the District's taxing authority. Appraised value equals actual value. Actual value less exemptions equals taxable value. Taxable value times the tax rate set by the District's Board of Trustees each fall equal the tax levy. The term "assessed value" means taxable value.

⁽²⁾ Tax Rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

Table 6 PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE)

Taxing Authority		2023	_	2022	2021		2020		2019	2018	2017	2016	2	2015	 2014
Overlapping Rates:															
City of Boerne	\$	0.4510	\$	0.4720 \$	0.472	\$ 0	0.4720 \$;	0.4720 \$	0.4720 \$	0.4720 \$	0.4720 \$. (0.4720	\$ 0.4720
City of Fair Oaks Ranch		0.3291		0.3518	0.373	5	0.3735		0.3668	0.3295	0.3234	0.3073	(0.2663	0.2663
Bexar County		0.7437		0.7440	0.745	1	0.3011		0.3011	0.3041	0.3090	0.3145	(0.3145	0.3269
Kendall County		0.3877		0.4127	0.412	7	0.4127		0.4127	0.4127	0.4127	0.3867	(0.3940	0.3940
Comal County		0.2489		0.3140	0.358	5	0.3585		0.3779	0.3579	0.3579	0.3429	(0.3429	0.3429
Kendall County MUD #1 - Cordillera MUD (1)		0.6389		0.6500	0.650)	0.6500		0.6500	0.6500	0.6500				
Miralomas MUD (1)		1.0000		1.0000	1.000)	1.0000		1.0000	1.0000					
Kendall County WCID #1 - Esperanza MUD (1)		1.0000		1.0000	1.000)	1.0000		1.0000	1.0000	1.0000				
Cow Creek Groundwater Cons. Dist.	_	0.0050	_	0.0050	0.005)	0.0050		0.0050	0.0050	0.0050	0.0050	(0.0050	 0.0050
Total Other Entities	\$_	4.8043 \$	_	4.9495 \$	5.016	3 \$	4.5728 \$		4.5855 \$	4.5312 \$	3.5300 \$	1.8284 \$:	1.7947	\$ 1.8071
	_														
District Direct Rates:															
Maintenance & Operations	\$	0.8546	\$	0.8806 \$	0.937	9 \$	0.9700 \$;	1.0400 \$	1.0400 \$	1.0400 \$	1.0400 \$:	1.0400	\$ 1.0400
Debt Service	_	0.3240	_	0.3240	0.314)	0.3140		0.3140	0.3140	0.2760	0.2540	(0.2540	 0.2540
Total District Direct Rates	\$	1.1786	\$	1.2046 \$	1.251	\$	1.2840 \$; _	1.3540 \$	1.3540 \$	1.3160 \$	1.2940 \$:	1.2940	\$ 1.2940

(1) - entity began taxing within the last ten fiscal years, rates shown from initial year of taxation

Source: Tax rates verified through various sources such as Kendall, Bexar, Comal County websites as well as the Texas Comptroller website.

		2023				2014	
Taxpayer	Property Type	Assessed Value (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value (2)	Assessed Value (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value (3)
Rustico at Fair Oaks LLC	Apartments	48,000,550	1	0.55%	-		-
Breit Steadfast MF Fairmarc TX LP	Apartments	40,500,000	2	0.46%	-		-
ZYLSTRA Holdings at Boerne LLC	Apartments	30,773,790	3	0.35%	-		-
CT 17 Herff Apartments	Apartments	25,830,000	4	0.29%	-		-
Albany Engineered Composites	Industrial Manufacturing	24,760,731	5	0.28%	-		-
Mission Pharmacal	Pharmacy	20,426,852	6	0.23%	12,520,040	2	0.28%
VBM Acquisition LLC	Car Dealership	18,193,010	7	0.21%	10,318,390	5	0.23%
LCRA Transmission Services Corp	Electric Utility/Power Plant	14,496,900	8	0.17%	11,514,070	3	0.26%
Boerne Hotel Ltd.	Hotel/Motel	13,836,490	9	0.16%	-		-
HEB Grocery Co. LP	Grocery Store	13,043,350	10	0.15%	-		-
Sir Fairmark LLC	Commercial Land	-		-	32,000,000	1	0.73%
HEB Grocery Co. LP	Grocery Store	-		-	10,988,120	4	0.25%
Guadalupe Valley Telephone Co-C	Telephone Utility	-		-	9,752,780	8	0.22%
Wal-Mart Real Est. Biz Tr.	Commercial Land	-		-	10,165,830	6	0.23%
Jet Specialty Inc.	Retail Store	-		-	9,981,480	7	0.23%
Cavender Boerne Properties Ltd.	Commercial Land	-		-	9,400,120	9	0.21%
Heller Motors LLP	Car Dealership	-		-	8,430,390	10	0.19%
TOTALS	\$	249,861,673		2.85%	125,071,220		2.83%
(1) Assessed (taxable) value equals a(2) Total assessed value equals:(3) Total assessed value equals:	ppraised value after exemptions.			\$ \$	11,058,530,919 5,205,740,518		

Source: Kendall County Appraisal District.

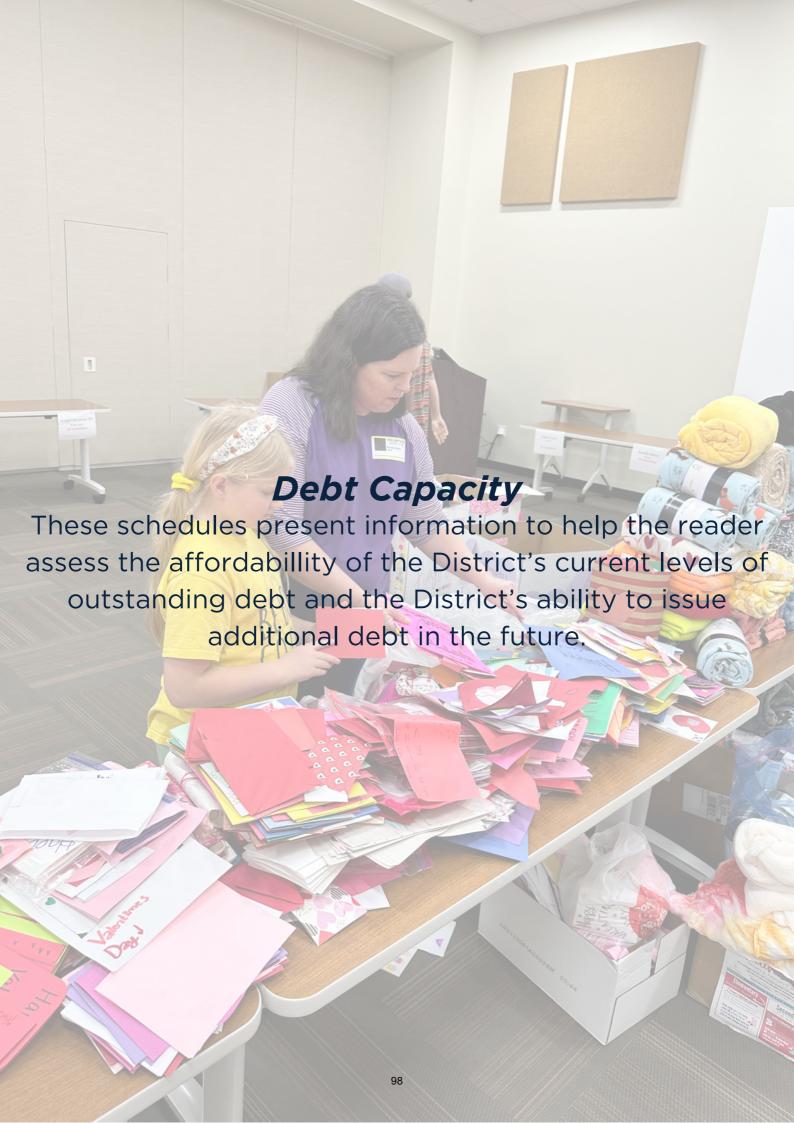
BOERNE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Not Tay Love		Discount Realized	Collected wi			Total Collect	tions to Date
Fiscal Year Ended 6/30:	-	Net Tax Levy For The Fiscal Year (1)	_	Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy (2)	Amount	Percentage of Net Tax Levy	ollections Subsequent Years	Amount	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Net Tax Levy
2023	\$	124,613,521	\$	4,094,509 \$	118,619,721	98.42%	\$ -	\$ 118,619,721	98.42%
2022		105,578,540		2,843,596	101,318,729	98.62%	967,003	102,285,732	99.56%
2021		100,736,363		2,688,878	96,717,837	98.64%	992,729	97,710,566	99.66%
2020		95,661,072		2,355,251	91,860,790	98.45%	1,176,490	93,037,280	99.71%
2019		92,625,159		2,064,966	89,312,079	98.62%	1,092,445	90,404,524	99.83%
2018		87,005,340		2,197,160	83,675,307	98.66%	1,033,643	84,708,950	99.88%
2017		78,823,054		1,869,174	75,830,548	98.54%	1,034,737	76,865,285	99.88%
2016		72,454,560		1,701,559	69,572,631	98.33%	1,105,646	70,678,277	99.89%
2015		68,341,339		1,659,097	65,898,071	98.82%	715,740	66,613,811	99.90%
2014		64,563,282		1,383,383	61,934,763	98.03%	1,176,705	63,111,468	99.89%

⁽¹⁾ Appraised value less exemptions equals taxable value. The beginning taxable value net of adjustments times the tax rate set each fall by the District's Board of Trustees equals the total net tax levy. The net tax levy for prior years reflects ongoing adjustments applied to that year's tax levy.

Source: Kendall County (Texas) Appraisal District provides the District with appraised values for properties within the District's taxing authority.

⁽²⁾ The District provides discounts for payments made in the taxable year as follows: 3% for payments made in October, 2% for payments made in November, 1% for payments made in December.



OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Government	tal Activities			
Fiscal Year Ended 6/30:	General Obligation Bonds (1)	Notes Payable (1)	Total Primary Government	Ratio of Debt to Assessed Value (2)	Debt Per Student (3)
2023	\$ 377,605,230	\$ 320,000	\$ 377,925,230	3.42%	\$ 37,571
2022	287,976,463	485,000	288,461,463	3.15%	29,995
2021	302,078,910	645,000	302,723,910	3.60%	32,540
2020	309,264,647	800,000	310,064,647	3.99%	34,069
2019	320,837,405	950,000	321,787,405	4.48%	37,030
2018	327,109,650	1,095,000	328,204,650	4.84%	39,662
2017	251,878,344	1,235,000	253,113,344	4.08%	31,898
2016	189,806,072	1,370,000	191,176,072	3.27%	25,181
2015	196,283,304	1,500,000	197,783,304	3.58%	27,523
2014	201,381,971	115,000	201,496,971	3.87%	29,211

⁽¹⁾ Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Outstanding debt is presented at par value which excludes accreted interest and premiums.

⁽²⁾ See Table 5 for assessed value data.

⁽³⁾ See Table 16 for student enrollment data.

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended 6/30:	_	General Obligation Bonds (1)	_	Less Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund (4)	Net Bonded Debt	_	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value (2)	_	t Bonded Debt er Student (3)
2023	\$	377,605,230	:	\$ 9,868,996	\$ 367,736,234		3.33%		\$36,558
2022		287,976,463		10,423,847	277,552,616		3.03%		28,861
2021		302,078,910		9,523,439	292,555,471		3.48%		31,447
2020		309,264,647		7,545,123	301,719,524		3.89%		33,152
2019		320,837,405		6,035,641	314,801,764		4.38%		36,226
2018		327,109,650		6,275,417	320,834,233		4.74%		38,772
2017		251,878,344		5,598,304	246,280,040		3.97%		31,037
2016		189,806,072		5,173,030	184,633,042		3.15%		24,319
2015		196,283,304		6,595,717	189,687,587		3.43%		26,397
2014		201,381,971		6,475,022	194,906,949		3.74%		28,256

⁽¹⁾ Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Outstanding debt is presented at par value which excludes accreted interest and premiums.

⁽²⁾ See Table 5 for assessed value data.

⁽³⁾ See Table 16 for student enrollment data.

⁽⁴⁾ This is the amount restricted for debt service payments on general obligation bonds in the governmental fund financial statements.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (1) AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

Taxing Authority		Gross Debt Outstanding	Percent Overlapping		Overlap pplicable to hool District
Overlapping:					
	\$	790,860,000	1.63%	\$	12,891,018
Bexar Co		2,149,170,000	1.63%		35,031,471
Bexar Co Hosp Dist		1,132,465,000	1.63%		18,459,180
Boerne, City of		58,130,000	100.00%		58,130,000
Comal Co		112,915,000	0.63%		711,365
Fair Oaks Ranch, City of		5,320,000	94.08%		5,005,056
Kendall Co		43,115,000	85.31%		36,781,407
Kendall Co WC&ID #2A		34,610,000	100.00%		34,610,000
San Antonio, City of		2,229,995,000	0.07%		1,560,997
Total Overlapping Debt					203,180,492
<u>Direct:</u>					
Boerne Independent School District		377,925,230	100.0%		377,925,230
TOTAL OVERLAPPING AND DIRECT DEBT				\$	581,105,722
Ratio of Total Overlapping Debt and Direct Debt	to A	ssessed Value			5.25%
Direct and Overlapping Debt per Capita				\$	7,885

⁽¹⁾ Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the District.

The percentage of overlapping debt is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping taxing authority's taxable assessed value that is within the District's boundaries and dividing it by the overlapping taxing authority's total taxable assessed value.

Source: Municipal Advisory Council (MAC) of Texas

Table 12

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Debt Limit	\$ 1,105,853,092 \$	916,619,753 \$	841,588,478 \$	776,478,211 \$	718,092,574 \$	677,414,630 \$	619,875,491 \$	585,484,444 \$	552,990,616 \$	520,574,052
Total Net Debt	367,736,234	277,552,616	292,555,471	301,719,524	314,801,764	320,834,233	246,280,040	184,633,042	189,687,587	194,906,949
Legal Debt Margin	\$738,116,858\$	639,067,137 \$	549,033,007 \$	474,758,687 \$	403,290,810 \$	356,580,397 \$	373,595,451 \$	400,851,402 \$	363,303,029 \$	325,667,103
Total Net Debt Applicable Percentage of Debt Lin		30.28%	34.76%	38.86%	43.84%	47.36%	39.73%	31.54%	34.30%	37.44%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2022:

Assessed Value (2) Debt Limit Percentage of Assessed Value Debt Limitation		\$	11,058,530,919 10% 1,105,853,092
Debt Applicable to Debt Limitation: Total Bonded Debt Less Restricted for Retirement of Bonded Debt (3)	377,605,230 9,868,996		
Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limitation		ċ	367,736,234 738.116.858

⁽¹⁾ The District voted its maintenance tax under former Article 2784e-1, which provided that the net bonded indebtedness of the District shall not exceed 10% of all assessed real and personal property in the District.

⁽²⁾ See Table 5.

⁽³⁾ See Restricted for long-term debt at the fund level.



indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place

BOERNE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended 6/30:	Residential Units (1)	Total Market Value of Residential Units (1)	Average Market Value per Residential Unit	Average Household Income (3)	Unemployment Rate (2)
2023	19,246	8,187,271,347	\$ 425,401	\$ 117,396	3.5%
2022	18,081	7,732,979,247	427,685	92,121	3.3%
2021	17,525	7,075,024,751	403,710	90,403	4.4%
2020	16,738	6,312,064,945	377,110	(4)	5.0%
2019	15,740	5,822,279,409	369,903	(4)	2.7%
2018	15,394	5,567,651,138	361,677	(4)	2.9%
2017	14,717	5,099,232,738	346,486	(4)	3.1%
2016	13,949	4,641,951,658	332,780	(4)	3.2%
2015	13,218	4,201,213,175	317,840	(4)	3.3%
2014	12,942	3,974,568,190	307,106	(4)	4.1%

⁽¹⁾ Source: Kendall County (Texas) Appraisal District.

⁽²⁾ Source: TRACER of Texas Workforce Commission; Unemployment rate is for Kendall County.

⁽³⁾ Source: Kendall County Economic Development Corporation

⁽⁴⁾ Information not available as of the date of this report.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2023	(1)	2012	2
Employer	Business	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank
Boerne ISD	Public School	1,236	1	968	1
H-E-B Super Store	Grocery Store	385	2	240	4
Mission Pharmacal	Manufacturing	362	3	310	3
Wal-Mart	Discount Store	293	4	330	2
Kendall County	Public Entity	225	5	202	5
Albany Engineered Composites	Manufacturing	223	6	197	6
City of Boerne	Public Entity	220	7	193	7
Mercedes Benz of Boerne	Automobile Sales	147		87	10
Toyota of Boerne	Automobile Sales	145	9	-	-
Cibolo Creek Health and Rehab	Healthcare	115	10	-	-
Home Depot	Retail Store	-	-	120	8
Town & Country Manor	Nursing Home	-	-	100	9
Per the Texas Workforce Commission	on:				
Total Employment for 2022		22,671			
Total Employment for 2013		17,366			

⁽¹⁾ Excepting Boerne ISD, most recent data available is from 2021

Sources: Municipal Advisory Council (MAC) of Texas.



These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

POSITION:

	Teacher	Professional Support	Administration	Educational Aide	Auxiliary Staff	Total
2023	674.00	131.00	46.00	119.00	281.00	1,251.00
2022	679.00	137.00	42.00	136.00	340.00	1,334.00
2021	631.25	126.60	46.59	106.97	286.72	1,198.13
2020	609.23	122.51	41.00	112.79	270.43	1,155.96
2019	566.36	112.98	35.90	100.20	258.52	1,073.96
2018	535.65	85.44	42.86	87.06	244.05	995.06
2017	519.17	77.21	50.07	85.19	222.90	954.54
2016	500.56	70.62	37.79	84.38	262.00	955.35
2015	472.50	68.65	34.46	79.60	259.75	914.96
2014	452.11	67.08	32.36	79.46	261.71	892.72

OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

_			-	_
Tэ	h	۵	1	6

Fiscal Year Ended 6/30:		Average Daily attendance	Ē	Operating expenditures (1)	Cost Per Student	Percentage Change	Governmen Wide Expenses	t -	Cost Per Student	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Student to Teacher Ratio	Percentage of Students in Free/Reduced Lunch Program	
2023		10,059	\$	112,213,195	\$ 11,156	6.46%	\$ 136,654,554	. \$	13,585	6.75%	679	14.81	19.28%	
2022		9,617		100,771,666	10,478	3.14%	122,389,981		12,726	-5.21%	679	14.16	16.67%	
2021		9,303		94,512,096	10,159	3.60%	124,902,024	ļ	13,426	4.55%	631	14.74	18.11%	
2020	(2)	9,101		89,244,248	9,806	9.27%	116,870,903		12,842	-2.33%	609	14.94	17.69%	
2019		8,690		77,983,893	8,974	3.46%	114,254,956	i	13,148	33.83%	566	15.35	18.24%	
2018		8,275		71,776,890	8,674	1.86%	81,294,705		9,824	-19.42%	536	15.44	17.32%	
2017		7,935		67,572,407	8,516	0.27%	96,741,298		12,192	6.14%	519	15.29	16.81%	
2016		7,592		64,478,251	8,493	-0.23%	87,208,890		11,487	-0.48%	501	15.15	14.74%	
2015		7,186		61,172,428	8,513	2.20%	82,939,188		11,542	6.84%	473	15.19	14.83%	
2014		6,898		57,455,259	8,329	-5.39%	74,516,724		10,803	-8.82%	452	15.26	15.88%	

Source: Non-financial data is from Texas Education Agency Summary of Finances Report and District records.

⁽¹⁾ Operating expenditures are total expenditures less debt service, capital outlay (to the extent capitalized for the government-wide statement of net position), expenditures for capitalized assets included within the functional expenditures categories and recapture.

⁽²⁾ Due to the outbreak of the COVID worldwide outbreak, ADA is only calculated through March of 2020.

TEACHER BASE SALARIES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended 6/30:	District Average Base Salary (1)	 Region Average Salary (1)	_	Statewide Average Salary (1)
2023	\$ 57,569	\$ 54,540	\$	56,928
2022	57,423	58,634		58,887
2021	56,594	57,073		57,641
2020	56,289	57,386		57,091
2019	54,229	55,011		54,122
2018	53,259	54,547		53,334
2017	52,699	53,918		52,525
2016	52,561	54,101		51,892
2015	52,422	52,066		50,715
2014	51,956	51,282		49,692

(1) Source: Texas Education Agency website through 2022.

BOERNE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT *SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION*

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Building:	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017		
HIGH SCHOOLS									
Boerne High School									
Square Footage	265,954	265,954	265,954	265,954	265,954	265,954	265,954		
Enrollment	1,356	1,288	1,228	1,168	1,136	1,098	1,115		
Samuel V. Champion High School									
Square Footage	332,877	332,877	332,877	332,877	332,877	332,877	332,877		
Enrollment	2,014	1,960	1,884	1,770	1,739	1,659	1,591		
MIDDLE SCHOOLS									
Boerne Middle School North									
Square Footage	124,296	124,296	124,296	124,296	124,296	124,296	124,296		
Enrollment	813	829	813	802	871	851	788		
Boerne Middle School South									
Square Footage	205,723	205,723	205,723	205,723	205,723	205,723	205,723		
Enrollment	911	924	829	885	1,277	1,225	1,195		
Capt. Mark T. Voss Middle School					,	, -	,		
Square Footage	199,567	199,567	199,567	199,567	-		_		
Enrollment	772	761	706	559	-		_		
ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS									
Curington Elementary School									
Square Footage	97,980	97,980	97,980	97,980	97,980	97,980	97,980		
Enrollment	646	634	589	643	702	650	662		
Fabra Elementary School									
Square Footage	98,674	98,674	98,674	98,674	98,674	98,674	98,674		
Enrollment	702	632	573	549	580	618	583		
Fair Oaks Elementary School							-		
Square Footage	83,763	83,763	83,763	83,763	83,763	83,763	83,763		
Enrollment	825	768	649	689	609	1,003	916		
Kendall Elementary School						_,-,			
Square Footage	88,241	88,241	88,241	88,241	88,241	88,241	88,241		
Enrollment	816	727	710	752	719	762	694		
Cibolo Creek Elementary School	010	, _,	, 10	702	, 25	, 02			
Square Footage	88,713	88,713	88,713	88.713	88,713	88,713	88,713		
Enrollment	471	470	427	478	769	821	756		
Van Raub Elementary School	.,_	., 0	,	., 0	, 05	022	,,,		
Square Footage	101,610	101,610	101,610	101,610	101,610	_	_		
Enrollment	827	789	739	827	768	_	_		
Herff Elementary School	027	, 05	, 55	02,	, 00				
Square Footage	102,651	102,651	102,651	102,651	_	_	_		
Enrollment	610	545	470	457	_	_	_		
OTHER FACILITIES	010	5.5		.57					
Administration Center/Alternative Campus	s (Formerly Fabra FS)								
Square Footage	76,930	76,930	76,930	76,930	76,930	_	_		
Maintenance	7 0,500	, 0,555	70,550	70,550	, 0,330				
Square Footage	14,736	14,736	14,736	14,736	14,736	14,736	14,736		
Transportation	2.,,	,	,,	,	1,,,50	,	,. 55		
Square Footage	17,176	17,176	17,176	17,176	17,176	17,176	17,176		
Former Central Office Facility	27,270	2.,2.0	2.,2.0	1.,1.0	,	,	27,270		
Square Footage	16,582	16,582	16,582	16,582	16,582	16,582	16,582		
Former Alternative Campus Facility	20,002	10,001	20,002	10,002	10,002	20,002	10,002		
Square Footage	9,779	9,779	9,779	9,779	9,779	9,779	9,779		
-4	3,,,,	5,,,5	3,,,,	3,,,,	5,,,,	5,5	3,		

Source: District records





Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees of Boerne Independent School District Boerne, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Boerne Independent School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Board of Trustees of Boerne Independent School District

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Weaver and Siduell, L.S.P.

Austin, Texas November 9, 2023



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Trustees of Boerne Independent School District Boerne, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Boerne Independent School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on
 a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not
 for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Board of Trustees of Boerne Independent School District

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Weaver and Tiduell, L.S.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Austin, Texas November 9, 2023

Boerne Independent School DistrictSchedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

I. Summary of the Auditor's Results

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rine	anciai statements	
a.	An unmodified opinion was issued on the finance	cial statements.
b.	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	 Material weakness(es) identified? 	Yes <u>X</u> No
	 Significant deficiency(s) identified? 	YesX_ None reported
c.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	YesXNo
Fec	deral Awards	
d.	Internal control over major programs	
	 Material weakness(es) identified? 	Yes <u>X</u> No
	 Significant deficiency(s) identified? 	Yes <u>X</u> None reported
e.	An unmodified opinion was issued on complian	ce for major programs
f.	Any audit findings disclosed that were required reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	to beYesXNo
g.	Identification of major programs:	
	10.553, 10.555 84.425	Child Nutrition Cluster Education Stabilization Fund, ESSER
h.	The dollar threshold used to distinguish between A and Type B programs	Type <u>\$750,000</u>
	i. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee.	XYesNo

Boerne Independent School District

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

II. Findings relating to the Financial Statements, which are required to be reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

None

III. Federal Awards Findings

None

IV. Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs:

Finding 2022-001: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Financial Reporting— Detailed Cut-off Closing Procedures

Prior Year Finding: The District did not record expenditures and related liabilities for certain goods and services received prior to the end of the accounting period under audit.

Status of Prior Audit Finding: Planned corrected action completed this fiscal year.

BOERNE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

as of June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	(2) Federal Assistance Listing Number	(2A) Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Provided to Subrecipient	(3) Federal Expenditures
United States Department of Education:				
Passed Through State Department of Education:				
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				
IDEA-B Formula	84.027A	226600011309016600	-	90,974
IDEA-B Formula	84.027A	236600011309016600	-	1,432,567
IDEA-B Formula ARP	84.027A	225350011309015350	-	50,380
IDEA-B Formula ARP	84.027A	225350021309015350		289,728
				1,863,648
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173A	226610011309016610	-	247
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173A	236610011309016610	-	17,882
IDEA-B Preschool - ARP	84.173X	225360021309015360		14,688
			-	32,817
High Cost Funds	84.027A		_	49,267
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				1,945,731
ESEA Title I, Part A	84.010A	22610101130901	-	23,569
ESEA Title I, Part A	84.010A	23610101130901	-	609,795
			-	633,364
Carl Perkins Basic Grant for Career & Technical Education	84.048A	22420006130901	_	113
Carl Perkins Basic Grant for Career & Technical Education	84.048A	23420006130901	_	63,727
carrierants sade crane for career a recriminal Education	0 110 107 1	25 120000130301		63,840
ESSA Title II, Part A - Teacher/Principal Training	84.367A	22694501130901	-	47,085
ESSA Title II, Part A - Teacher/Principal Training	84.367A	23694501130901		153,517
				200,602
Title III, English Language Acquisition- LEP	84.365A	22671001130901	-	1,122
Title III, English Language Acquisition- LEP	84.365A	23671001130901	-	62,942
			-	64,064
Title IV Port A Student Cuppert and Academic Envistrement	04.2054	22600104420004		2.462
Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.365A 84.365A	22680101130901	-	2,162 49,109
inde iv, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment	04.303A	23680101130901	-	49,109 51,271
				· ·
Total				1,013,141

COVID-19 Homeless II, ARP	84.425W	21533002130901		3,350
COVID-19 CRRSA ESSER II	84.425D	21521001130901	-	677,595
				677,595
COVID-19 ARP ESSER III (end date 9/30/24)	84.425U	21528001130901	_	659,447
COVID-19 ESSER Supplemental (end date 8/31/23)	84.425U	21528043130901	_	697,185
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				1,356,632
Total COVID-19 ESSER				2,037,578
Total Passed Through State Department of Education				4,996,450
Total United States Department of Education			-	4,996,450
<u>United States Department of Defense:</u>				
Direct Program:				
ROTC	12.000			46,667
Total United States Department of Defense				46,667
United States Department of Justice:				
Direct Program:				
COPS School Violence Prevention Program	16.710			8,080
Total United States Department of Justice				8,080
United States Department of Agriculture				
Direct Program:				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
School Breakfast Program	10.553		-	168,095
National School Lunch Program	10.555		-	1,283,281
USDA Donated Commodities	10.555		-	245,733
Emergency Operating Costs	10.555			279,909
				1,977,017
NSLP Equipment Assistance Grant	10.579			64,978
P-EBT Local Level Administrative Cost Grant	10.649			3,135
Total United States Department of Agriculture				2,045,130

United States Department of Health and Human Services

Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission:

COVID-19 School Health Support Grant Supplemental School Nurse Grant	93.323 93.354	02748292		-	14,324 67,507
Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program 93.778 HHS000537900029 Total United States Department of Health and Human Services					23,668
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	_	\$ 7,201,827

^{*}The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

BOERNE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles,* and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Boerne Independent School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

There may be situations where federal expenditures presented in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards also include expenditures subject to pre-Uniform Guidance requirements. The US Department of Education (USDE) has clarified under 34 CFR 76.10, carryover funds are subject to the regulations in effect during the carryover period which is the last 12 months of the 27-month of availability. Therefore, all funds that became carryover on October 1, 2015, must follow the new EDGAR regulations regardless of the original start date of the Notice of Grant Award.

Federal regulations applicable to state administered grants are subject to the requirements of Part 76 of the Uniform Guidance. As of October 1, 2015, these multi-year grants are to be governed by the new Uniform Guidance rather than the OMB Circulars that were in effect when each grant was initially awarded.

Such expenditures are recognized in the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3. INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

The USDE has given TEA authority to issue indirect cost rates for ISD's. To recover any indirect costs, the District must request and receive new indirect cost rates for every school year allowed by the *Uniform Guidance Part 200.57*.

BOERNE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 4. BASIS OF FUNDING

Federal funding for Food Services under child nutrition programs is primarily based upon the number and type of meals served and in user charges as reported to the US Department of Agriculture. Federal funding received related to various grant programs is based upon periodic reports detailing reimbursable expenditures made in compliance with the program guidelines to the grantor agencies. The programs are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantors. Amounts received and receivable under these various funding programs are subject to periodic audit and adjustment by the funding agencies. To the extent, if any, that the District has not complied with all the rules and regulations with respect to performance, financial or otherwise, adjustment to or return of funding monies may be required. In the opinion of the District's management, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to matters of compliance and, accordingly, no provision has been made in the basic financial statements for such contingences.